

The Chelsea Standard

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1911.

VOLUME 40. NO. 24

FACTS ABOUT COLDS

A little cold is a dangerous thing. At first sign of shiver, or shake, or sneeze, or nose running, take NYAL'S LAXACOLD TABLETS. This remarkable remedy quickly and surely breaks up any cold, cures lagrippe, headache and neuralgia, prevents serious fevers and malaria. We make strong claims for this remedy. And it lives up to all claims. It's a wonder. It will save many a distress—and may be your life. By all means try it. 35 doses 25c.

GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Let these few items suggest others needed to supply your wants in the Grocery line, and also consider them as an INVITATION to share in the ECONOMIES this Grocery store offers in GOOD things to eat.

WE OFFER THIS WEEK:

V & C Crackers 8c pound, 2 pounds for 15c or 3 1/2 pounds for 25c.
Henkel's Golden Cornmeal 3c pound, 10 pound sacks 25c.
Henkel's Fancy Graham Flour, 10 pound sack 25c.
Farmhouse Corn, Peas and Tomatoes 10c can.
Rose Glycerine Toilet Soap 3 cakes 10c.
CHASE & SANBORN'S COFFEES THE WORLD'S BEST.
7 pounds Schumacher's Rolled Oats 25c.
Premium Brand Preserves, 4 flavors, 25c qt.
See our line of 10c Candy.
The Best 50c Tea in Town.

YOURS FOR SATISFACTION.

HENRY H. FENN COMPANY
DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

FLOUR. FLOUR.

We will sell you a 25 pound sack of the best winter wheat Flour made in Michigan for

65c.

This is not a low grade Flour, but the best money can buy. Every sack fully guaranteed.

JOHN FARRELL & CO.

WE FOLLOW THE GOLDEN RULE



We not only follow this rule but keep right up close to it every day. When we buy we want good goods at fair prices and that's just what we try to give you. It's worth something to buy your meat at a store where you are sure of a square deal. Try some of our Pure Leaf Lard.

VanRiper & Klingler

Telephone 59.

HOLMES & WALKER

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

Large China Salads 19c each
Special Granite Sale.

ROBES, BLANKETS AND HARNESS.

We have some very attractive prices on Robes, Blankets and all kinds of Horse Goods. See our new line of Double and Single Harness. They are the best that money can buy and the prices are the lowest.

A LARGE STOCK OF NEW FURNITURE.

Some low prices on STOVES and RANGES for this month

FARM FENCE.

Now is the time to leave your order for Farm Fence. We have some of the best makes and prices to suit.

HOLMES & WALKER
WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

Annual Meeting.

The German Workmen's Society held their annual meeting Monday evening and elected the following officers for the coming year:
President—Charles Kaercher.
Vice President—Michael Staffan.
Secretary—Chas. Neuburger.
Treasurer—Oscar Schneider.
Sick Secretary—Hubert Schwik-erath.

Trustee—Chauncey Hummel.
Physician—Andrus Gulde.
Color Bearer—Philip Ulrich.
The treasurer's report shows that the society is in a very prosperous condition, and no loss by death in their membership during the past year.

A Social Success.

The Pilgrims of the Congregational Sunday school entertained the Puritans at a buffet supper at the church last Friday. About 125 of the members of the school were present and enjoyed a delightful social evening. Short talks were made by Jas. Schmidt, Paul Belser, Mrs. J. Bacon and Rev. M. Lee Grant.

At the close of the program an adjourned meeting of the church and society was called to order by S. A. Mapes and the treasurer, D. H. Wurster, made his report for the year ending December 31, 1910. All of the running expenses of the church have been paid in full, also a note of \$200 left over from the preceding year. The society is now entirely out of debt and is in the most prosperous financial condition in its history.

Divorce Cases.

Statistics prepared by Deputy County Clerk Eugene K. Frueauff show that one-fifth of the number of couples married in this county during the past 11 years have sought divorce and one-seventh, or approximately 14 percent have obtained decrees. From January 1, 1900, to December 31, 1910, 3,830 marriage licenses were issued in this county; 767 divorce cases were begun; 515 absolute divorces were granted. The average number of marriages for this period was 348.19, and the divorces averaged 46.8. The most peculiar feature of the statistics is the uniform number of marriages each year ranging between 326 and 382. The year 1909 developed the smallest number, 326, and the year 1910 the greatest, 382. The year 1905 was a good year, there being 377 marriages and but 34 divorces, but in 1907, when there were 366 marriages, there were 53 divorces.

Grange Officers.

The following are the officers of the North Sylvan Grange for the coming year:

Master—C. E. Foster.
Overseer—Philip Broesamle.
Lecturer—Mrs. John Walz.
Steward—Fred Artz.
Ass't Steward—Chas. Youngs.
Chaplain—John Fulford.
Treasurer—J. L. Sibley.
Secretary—Chas. Fulford.
Gate Keeper—Judson Knapp.
Ceres—Mrs. J. Knapp.
Pomona—Mrs. Fulford.
Flora—Mrs. Fred Artz.
Lady Asst. Steward—Jennie Ives.
Organist—Mrs. Broesamle.
The officers were installed at the last meeting by Master R. D. Hoppe of Cavanaugh Lake.

The Grange is going to have a social this week Friday evening, at the home of Roy Ives. The public is invited and each lady will kindly bring a box of refreshments which will be auctioned off to the highest bidder.

Installed Their Officers.

The recently elected officers for the coming year of R. P. Carpenter Post, G. A. R., and the W. R. C. were installed at a joint meeting in their hall, on Wednesday afternoon of this week.

At noon a sumptuous dinner was served to the members of the Post by the W. R. C. in G. A. R. hall, which proved to be a very enjoyable part of the proceedings.

Watson Nye, a cousin of the late Bill Nye the humorist, presented the Post with a picture about 3x5 feet, of Andersonville prison that showed many features of that horror of the Civil war. Mr. Nye told a number of humorous stories that were highly appreciated. Mr. Nye served in the 12th Maine and himself and another comrade are the only surviving members of their company. Mr. Nye has charge of the blacksmith department of the Flanders Manufacturing Co. of this place.

The membership of both organizations were well represented at the meeting yesterday, yet many of their members have answered to the final roll call.

Sheriff's Deputies.

Some time ago partial lists of appointments made by Sheriff William Stark were published. The sheriff has now filed these appointments and others with the county clerk, and the complete list of appointees at present follows:

Deputies sheriff—Leo J. Kennedy, Webb Lane, Orton M. Kelsey, Emmanuel Schneider, James Cosgrove, John Kenny, Matthew Max, Charles Naylor, William Gerstner, William A. Seery, J. E. McKune, Patrick Fitzsimmons, Howard Clark, George Dietle, Freme B. Stark, William Eldert, Lawrence Kittel, William Walsh, Paul Handt, and M. J. Martin.

Mrs. Elliott McCarter.

Fredricka Marie Adams was born in Brunsen, Prussia, Germany, October 1, 1845, and died at her home on North street, Chelsea, January 14, 1911, aged 65 years, 3 months and 13 days. She came to this country when a young lady and has always resided in this vicinity; where she leaves many friends. She was united in marriage to Elliott McCarter, August 6, 1871. To this union two daughters were born. She is survived by her husband, two daughters, Mrs. Wm. Schatz and Mrs. Richard Trouten, and one brother, William Andres of Ann Arbor.

The funeral was held from her late home at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, Rev. A. A. Schoen officiating. Interment at Maple Grove cemetery, Sylvan Center.

To Change System.

The salaries of all of the public school teachers in Michigan amount to nearly \$9,000,000 annually. About \$6,000,000 of this amount comes from the primary school fund made up from taxes on railroads and other public service corporations. Yet, when the last computation was made by the state educational department, it was found that 1,040 of the 6,330 school districts had more than enough primary money on hand to pay all school salaries for two years in advance. Twenty-one districts have enough to pay all salaries for four years and more. District No. 2, in Clinton county, has enough to pay all salaries for 22 years.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Wright has worked out a plan to correct this condition. But he is legally advised that the plan is unconstitutional, so he is having an amendment to the constitution prepared for consideration by the legislature. It contemplates preventing any primary moneys being paid to a school district that has enough on hand to keep its school or schools going for two years.

Joint Public Installation.

The members of Columbian Hive, L. O. T. M. M. and Chelsea Tent, K. O. T. M. M. have decided to hold a joint public installation of their newly elected officers for the coming year, in the Sylvan theatre, at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, January 25th.

The Great Lady Commander of the Great Hive, Mrs. Burns, will act as the installing officer for Columbian Hive, and Great Counselor Frank E. Jones and District Deputy Commander John Young of the Great Camp, will act as the installing officers for Chelsea Tent.

At the close of the installation short addresses will be delivered by the visiting Great Hive and Great Tent officers.

The ladies of the local Hive will tender a reception to Mrs. Burns at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Bacon from seven to eight o'clock Wednesday evening.

A lunch will be served at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Bacon to all Lady Maccabees and their husbands and to all Sir Knights and their wives at the close of the exercises in the Sylvan theatre.

The committees in charge extend an invitation to the public to attend the installation ceremonies. Every member of the Hive and the Tent are requested to be present with their husbands and wives.

All children, unless accompanied by their parent, will positively be refused admission to the Sylvan theatre on this occasion.

Cards of Thanks.

We wish to extend our heartfelt thanks to all of our friends and neighbors for their kindness in our recent bereavement, and also to the L. O. T. M. M. for their floral tribute.

C. SPIRAGLE AND FAMILY.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hepburn and family wish to express their sincere thanks to their friends and neighbors for their kindness and sympathy in their late bereavement.

Annual Business Meeting.

At the annual business meeting of the M. E. Sunday school the following officers were elected for the year 1911:

Superintendent—C. W. Saunders.
Assistant Superintendent—Dr. B. Defendorf.
Secretary—S. P. Foster.
Assistant Secretary—F. Shultz.
Treasurer—Jennie Ives.
Chorister—F. K. McEldowney.
Organist—Miss Steinbach.

Smallpox In Ann Arbor Jail.

Edward Henderson, 30 years old, a resident of Jackson, is in the county jail suffering with a well-developed case of smallpox. Henderson was arrested January 10 for drunkenness, and for two or three days had complained of feeling ill. Monday afternoon he developed a fever and a physician was sent for, who diagnosed the ailment as smallpox. The jail was at once quarantined, and the sick prisoner was taken Monday night to the pest house. There are 22 prisoners in the jail at present, and Sunday 14 others were discharged, their terms having expired.

The Coming Revival.

Who is interested in the above announcement? Probably only those who have an experimental knowledge of the life of God in the soul. Who should be interested in the announcement? Every person in the community who has reached the years of responsibility. To what extent should we be interested? We should have a deeper interest in the spiritual revival than in business or pleasure. Jesus promised his disciples that when he was gone to his Father he would send his spirit into the world, and that when the spirit was come, he would convict the world of sin, of righteousness, and of judgment to come. And when the first disciples, one hundred and twenty in number had prayed with one accord for ten days, the manifestation of the divine presence was heard and seen, the rushing mighty wind and the tongue of fire. The people saw the contrast between righteousness and sin. Their eyes had hitherto been blinded, but now they were opened. Three thousand of them were suddenly converted in a single day and were added to the church; among them the murderers of Jesus, and they became his friends and disciples. The delusion of sin makes men enemies of Jesus and gives them a distaste for the spiritual awakening but when they receive of the divine power their affections are changed. This visitation of the Pentecostal power was one of the greatest events in the history of our race, and meant that the long night of idolatry was broken and that a new day of power and hope had dawned. Nothing brings such an uplift and blessing to the community as the pentecostal power. The waste places can never bring forth their fruits without the shower; so human hearts and human lives are unfruitful until they participate in the outpouring of the spirit. Men cannot surrender to God, neither can they forsake their sins without the power to do so. Our habits of church going or Bible study will be of little value without it. It was the work of the evangelists that subdued and civilized Rome. It was the great revival of 1858 that fitted this nation for the sacrifice and victory of the civil war.

The historian Green says that the great revivals of the Wesleys saved Britain from moral decay. Many of our national saints have been numbered among the evangelists, John Wesley, George Whitefield, Jonathan Edwards, Charles G. Finney, Dwight L. Moody and others whose names have become household words and whose immortal influence is as wide as the nation. Whatever our opinions may be God has smiled upon the efforts of the churches in this direction and ever will. Then let the Christians get to their knees in prayer and in a united effort we shall possess the tongue of fire and have with us Him who made the paralytic to walk and the leper clean.

Let us not follow the example of the antichristians who despised the divine message and thus share the same bitter consequences. The union revival was never so popular as at the present time. One hundred thousand people were converted in Wales, thirty thousand in Boston and in a meeting in Chicago just closed a few weeks ago numbered multitudes learned to pray. Let us all look forward with faith to the union services in Chelsea to begin on Sunday, February 5th.

J. W. CAMPBELL.

Notice.

The undersigned will be at the Sylvan town hall on Saturday to receive township taxes.

J. E. MCKUNE, Treasurer. 181f

You Can't Afford to Stay Away From Chelsea and Freeman's Store

At All Times You'll Find Bargains Here

WE ARE SELLING

Pure Buckwheat Flour, 2 1/2 pound sack, 70c	French Crisp Butter Crackers, 3 1/2 pound sack, 25c
Jackson Gem Flour, Warranted, per sack, 65c	Fancy, light color, fine flavor, Table Syrup, per gallon, 35c
Fancy Kildried Cornmeal, Per pound, 2 1/2c	Choice Breakfast Bacon, Per pound, 20c
Finest Rolled Oats, Free from chaff, 7 pounds for 25c	Fancy Leaf Lard, Per pound, 14c

THE BEST COFFEES SOLD AT LOWEST PRICES THAN ANY OTHER STORE

Good New Orleans Molasses, Per gallon, 25c	Quinine Pills, 2 grain, per 100, 10c
Dill Pickles, crisp and tasty, Per dozen, 20c	Lithia Tablets, per bottle, 25c
5 bars regular 10c size, Ivory Soap for 34c	Cuticura Soap, 2 1/2 size for 40c
5 pounds H. & E. Cut Loaf Sugar for 35c	1 box Rexall Pearl Tooth Powder and any 2c tooth brush for 25c
2 regular 2 1/2c packages Gold Dust for 35c	Pear's Violet Toilet Powder, per box, 9c
7 No. 3 size Cans, fancy, red, ripe Tomatoes for 54c	2c cake Shampoo Soap, good, per cake, 15c
3 regular 10c cans Lye for 22c	Pure Witch Hazel Extract, per pint, 20c
2 regular 10c packages Celluloid Starch 15c	Effervescent Sodium Phosphate, 30c bottle for 25c
3 cakes Kitchen Sapolio for 18c	50c Townley's Kinney Pills for 25c
10 bars regular 5c size white Floating Soap for 34c	10c Cake of Hand Sapolio for 7c
6 one-pound packages extra quality Lamp Starch for 24c	Co. gate's Shaving Soap, 3 cakes for 10c
10 bars regular 5c size Acme Soap for 37c	Rexall Balm, Iron and Wine, large bottle, 50c
6 packages regular one-pound size Corn Starch for 24c	Best Absorbent Cotton, per pound, 25c
4 ounces pure Lemon Extract, finest made, for 19c	Plasters for lame backs, each 10c
4 ounces pure Vanilla Extract, finest made, for 34c	Johnson's 2c Red Cross Kidney Plasters, each, 20c
Best Denatured Alcohol, per gallon, 60c	3 regular 10c size boxes Charcoal Tablets for 25c
Pure Castor Oil, per pint, 25c	Playing Cards, 10c kind, 1 package for 15c
Colgate's Talcum Powder, per package, 15c	Playing Cards, 50c kind, 1 pack for 34c
Mennen's Talcum Powder, per package, 15c	Nickel Plated Card Punches, each, 10c
Pure Glycerine, per pound, 33c	New Tally Cards, per dozen, 10c
Best Peroxide Hydrogen, 1-4 pound, 10c	Place Cards and Favor, per dozen, 10c and 5c

FREEMAN'S

WHAT A SAVINGS ACCOUNT IN THE FARMERS & MERCHANTS BANK WILL DO FOR YOU.

It will provide capital to start in business.
It will provide for saving money usually squandered.
It will pave the way toward securing a home.
It will provide a fund for educating your children.
It is the best possible way to accumulate a reserve fund for hard times or old age.
It is better than endowment insurance, producing larger profits, costing less, and can be realized in cash, at any time.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

OFFICERS:

JOHN F. WALTROUS, Pres. PETER MERKEL, 1st Vice Pres.
CHRIS. GRAU, 2d Vice Pres. P. G. SCHAIBLE, Cashier.

Something You Should Know

ABOUT STOVE BUYING.

You want the worth of your money—surely. But, can you tell the real worth of a stove on sight?—it's difficult—and it's so easy to make mistakes.

Then, WHY EXPERIMENT?

Select a stove absolutely warranted by past record—one that commands the confidence of the majority of stove buyers—that the majority have proven to be the best. That is infallible evidence of superiority; your best assurance of worth; an absolute guarantee of Quality.

GARLAND Stoves and Ranges

For 38 years have had the greatest sale of any stoves and ranges in the world. Today, they command more stove buyers than any other. That's strong evidence and that's one reason why we ask you to investigate this world-famous line; to decide as millions have done to their satisfaction—to buy a "GARLAND."

Call now and let us show you.

F. H. BELSER

THE ONE PRICE STORE.

The Chelsea Standard

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

IMAGINE AGE GIVES FLAVOR

That Seems the Only Explanation as to Why Fresh Nuts Are Never Served on Shipboard.

"Where do they get them?" was the question put to a New York Times reporter by a broker who had just returned from his semi-annual trip to Europe.

"On my many voyages across the Atlantic and in the eastern seas," the broker went on to say, "I have never seen fresh nuts on the dining tables which were laden with all the delicacies of the season. The only person I ever met who had seen fresh nuts was a grizzled quartermaster, who looked old enough to have sailed the trading main with Paul Jones. He said tersely:

"I've seen 'em wunst. On the Tanjong Pagar pier at Singapore in jacks, but they never come aboard the ship."

"Follow-passengers with whom I have discussed the problem were of the opinion that the steamship companies had some big cave where all nuts were stored for a few decades until they had aged."

"Capt. Pritchard, the retired commodore of the Cunard line, once told me that the island of Tobago, where Robinson Crusoe lived, was the clearing house for nuts, and the companies sent them there in sacks to be exchanged after they had been aboard for three years. This was corroborated by Capt. Arthur P. Mills of the American liner Philadelphia, who said that an old shipmate of his, Capt. Ben Brails, had carried his initials on a Brazil nut and put it back on the ship when his ship was crossing the North sea, and got the same nut on another vessel four years later in the straits of Shimonoseki, Japan. This had such an effect on the mind of Skipper Brails that he marked all kinds of nuts with his initials and the date and wrote letters to all his old shipmates requesting them not to crack any of his marked nuts if they met them on their voyages."

Veteran stewards, when asked why the companies do not put fresh nuts on board their ships, said that perhaps the companies are afraid they will disagree with the passengers.

Hobble Skirt in Bible Time.

Can any one doubt, asks a writer in a French newspaper, that the ladies of Jerusalem in Biblical times were impeded in their walk, like the ladies of today? In the latter part of the third chapter of the Prophecy of Isaiah, says the writer before referred to, we get a glimpse of how these daughters of Sion dressed on gala occasions. "We learn further," he says, "from a passage in the Talmud (Babylonian), chapter vi. (Schabbat translation), that the robes of the ladies were so tight that they could only walk with short steps. By this means a greater opportunity was afforded to their admirers to observe them. The writer, quoting from the Vulgate, observes: 'Nihil sub sole novum.' The suggestion evidently is that the hobble skirt was in vogue in very far-away times.

She Knew.

A New York physician recently told me this story of a precocious little girl of ten. She is the daughter of an attractive lady of society whom the family doctor—a young man—was attending for influenza. He felt her pulse gently and tenderly, holding her wrist after the orthodox manner of a ladies' doctor, as he sat beside her in the drawing room. As he did so he became aware that the child had her great grey eyes, full of inquiry, fixed upon him.

"You don't know what I am doing, my little lady?" said the medical man lightly to the interested little miss.

"Yes I do," was the prompt and positive reply.

"And what may that be, pray?" continued the doctor.

"Well, if you want me to tell you, you are making love to mamma."—Metropolitan Magazine.

Each to His Own Game.

That was a pretty good trick you turned with that Easterner, Jim," says the Nevada boomer. "Selling him ten towels in the middle of Death Valley was sure scientific work!"

"Mebbe so," growls Jim. "Didn't hear the rest of that, did you? Say, that fellow got me so convinced he was a nice little piece of open backed honesty that he got me to go back East with him and introduced me to his brother, and his brother sold me some choice city lots within easy walking distance of the New York city hall."

What about that?

"What about that? Easy walking distance, all right—if you want to walk ten days!"—Judge.

Indiscreet.

"My wife has gotten into trouble trying to smuggle."

"Mine's in bad, too. She went and bought me a seat in the senate as a little surprise, and now she's been indicted for bribery."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Formal Cash.

"How much are your furnishings worth, please?"

"Lindsay—One dollar per night. Suicide with gas, 50 cents extra!"—Jack.

STATE TAX RATE SOMEWHAT LOWER

IS NOW \$20.53 ON THE THOUSAND AS COMPARED WITH \$20.67 LAST YEAR.

TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION OF PROPERTIES IN MICHIGAN IS PUT AT \$1,741,215,138.

There is Very Little Change in the Valuation of the Railway Companies From Last Year.

The assessed valuation of real estate in the state, as fixed by the various boards of review and city assessing officers for this year, is given as \$1,349,941,990, as compared to \$1,315,627,244 last year. Personal property in the state is given this year as \$391,273,148, as compared with \$371,528,079 last year.

This makes the total assessed valuations of real estate and personal property in the state this year, \$1,741,215,138. The assessed valuation of the various railway companies in the state, as fixed by the state tax commission, is given as \$213,113,500. Express companies, \$1,516,500; car loaning companies, \$1,142,250; and telephone and telegraph companies, \$1,794,400, making a total of \$237,556,650 on which these corporations will have to pay taxes this year.

The rate of taxation, as fixed by the state tax commission for this year, is slightly lower than last, being \$20.53 per thousand this year, as against \$20.67 last year. The following table shows the apportionment of state taxes for last year and this year:

Kind of tax.	Last year.	This year.
State	\$5,929,304.89	\$4,734,882.79
County	4,499,690.06	4,519,419.24
Township	1,129,635.17	1,185,605.21
School	7,186,799.35	8,484,866.81
Road repair	1,285,722.65	1,421,289.06
Highway improvement	2,529,446.99	3,981,702.65
Good roads district	35,918.11	56,240.01
County road	741,868.00	859,157.50
Drain	342,111.82	246,808.90
City	10,151,655.83	9,139,154.80
Village	1,013,470.37	1,093,119.88
Rejected	6,287.23	10,911.81
Excess of roll	34,182.48	39,125.02
Totals	\$34,879,018.20	\$35,749,712.21

There is very little change in the valuation of the railway companies from last year, one road, the Hecla & Torch Lake, has been discontinued, and the Manistique, Mason & Oceana, and Lewiston & Southeastern roads have practically been abandoned.

The express companies' valuation has been increased considerably, as have also the telephone companies. The telegraph and car-loaning companies' assessed valuation is not much different from last year.

The express companies' assessed valuations, as fixed by the state board, are as follows: Adams \$143,000; American, \$733,200; Canadian, \$13,500; Pacific, \$111,000; United States, \$539,900; Wells-Fargo, \$99,800; Western, \$72,000.

Postal Telegraph Cable Co.'s assessed valuation is \$300,000; Western Union Telegraph Co., \$1,500,000; Southern Michigan Telephone Co., \$306,000; Valley Home Telephone Co., \$450,000; Home Telephone Co., of Michigan, \$1,350,000; Michigan State Telephone Co., \$2,000,000; Citizens' Telephone Co., of Grand Rapids, \$2,400,000. The assessed valuations of the several railroads will be given out.

State Assessed at Nearly Two Billion.

The total assessed valuation of all real estate and personal property in Michigan for 1910 amounts to \$1,741,215,138, an increase of \$54,059,441 over 1909. The average rate of taxation per \$1,000 assessed valuation for 1910 will be \$20.53 as compared with \$20.67 in 1909.

In 1909 the state tax amounted to \$5,929,304.89, while this year it has been decreased to \$4,734,882.79. The county tax has been advanced from \$4,499,690.06 to \$4,519,419.24. The township tax has been boosted from \$1,129,635.17 to \$1,185,605.21. An increase in the school tax is also shown, the tax having been boosted from \$7,186,799.35 to \$8,484,866.81. The highway improvement tax has been boosted from \$2,529,446.99 to \$3,981,702.65. The total state tax is \$35,749,712.21 as compared with \$34,879,018.20 in 1909. These assessments are levied by the local assessing officers and are compiled by the state tax commission.

20,000 Men May Walk Out.

With the filing of official notice with officers of the Grand Rapids Furniture Manufacturers' association, in which shorter hours and increase in pay is asked to be made the basis of discussion in a conference between local manufacturers and their workmen, the officers of the district council of affiliated labor unions of the city have launched the greatest labor movement in a strike of approximately 20,000 people directly, and other thousands indirectly, unless the demands of the furniture workers are acceded to and the men are given the increase asked.

Martin Bees, 14, sustained a broken leg and ankle when a miners' train crashed into the rear end of a sand train in the railroad yards at St. Charles. The crews of both trains jumped and escaped injury.

Gov. Osborn's plan to divide the twenty-seventh judicial circuit and make it a part of the nineteenth and fourteenth, is not favored by candidates and others.

The following officers were chosen at the closing of a two days' session at Bay City of the N. E. Michigan Development bureau: President, V. S. Maloney, Cheboygan; vice-president, George Hartings, Ploomincon; treasurer, O. F. Barnes, Crawford county. An executive committee will choose a secretary in February, because of dissatisfaction expressed with the present incumbent, Thomas S. Martin, of Bay City.

PRAISE OSBORN POLICY.

State Grange Commend Governor for His "Referendum" Plan.

The executive committee of the state grange, in its meeting in Lansing, issued this public statement:

"Popular sovereignty, under the well-known name and principles of the initiative, referendum and recall, giving citizens an opportunity to act directly and independently through petition and popular vote for the proposing, enactment and ratification of laws, and the recall for the removal of public servants, is based upon the true principles of government, making government for and by the people, a reality."

"For the first time in the history of our state a governor in his inaugural message has in plain and positive language endorsed the principles and set forth the justice, fairness and desirability of such popular privileges, and has recommended to the legislature such action as will provide for the submission of the whole proposition to the people for a popular expression thereon."

"Therefore, resolved, by the executive committee of the Michigan State Grange, hereby affirming the repeated declarations of this organization made at every session during recent years in its unequalled support of the principles of the initiative, referendum and recall, that we hereby pledge to the legislature the hearty support of the Michigan State Grange and our official privileges and duties in behalf of these propositions."

The members of the committee who signed the statement include George B. Horton, Speaker Baker, Rep. McNaughton and N. P. Hull, master of the State Grange.

Rich Farmer Sent to Prison.

Judge Clement Smith sentenced Jay Sweet, a wealthy farmer of Kalamo, Eaton county, to six months to five years in the reformatory at Ionia for stealing a chamois skin and two picture postal cards from a store in Nashville.

Sweet had long been suspected of shoplifting in Nashville, and was caught with the goods on him. Sweet claimed troubles with the neighborhood and his family during the last few years disorganized his mind, causing kleptomania.

STATE BRIEFS.

The Tuscola County Anti-Saloon league has raised \$2,000 to conduct the campaign against the "wets" this spring.

Hon. N. O. Griswold of Greenville has decided to enter the race for the nomination for circuit judge of the eighth judicial circuit.

Mrs. E. L. Calkins, state president of the C. T. U., is making her headquarters in Lansing. She is in Lansing to oppose "wet" legislation.

Hydrophobia spread by a mad dog has caused hundreds of dollars' worth of damage among live stock in Raisinville, London and Exeter townships, Monroe county, during the last three weeks.

The hotel and restaurant of Joseph Jackson, known as the Jackson house, at Hillman, was completely destroyed by fire Sunday. The loss is about \$3,500. The fire originated from a hanging lamp, the flame of which set the ceiling paper on fire.

Unable to stand being a burden on his friends, William Wright, of Grand Rapids, aged 83, cut his throat with a razor. The body was sent to the hospital as he entered the room to serve the old man's supper. Wright was one of the oldest and best known newspaper printers in the state.

Because of two accidents which have occurred in the same place and under the same conditions to the miners' train running from St. Charles to the Gage coal mines, the state railroad commission has instructed Prosecutor Brown of Saginaw, to instruct mine trains to run on crows hereafter.

A warm contest for the nomination for judge of the Bay county circuit court is promised for the coming Republican primary, C. L. Collins, the present incumbent, and T. F. Shepard, who was defeated for re-nomination in a convention six years ago by Mr. Collins, being the opposing candidates.

The Thayer Lumber Co., at one time operating the largest sawmill in Michigan and through the '80s having a cut of timber which averaged 30,000,000 feet yearly, went out of existence. Within a short time the offices in Muskegon will be closed and the business of what was at one time the most flourishing industry of Muskegon will be ended.

That the Grand Rapids-Muskegon Power Co. will take over possession of the street car and electric lighting branches of Muskegon Traction Co. Lighting Co. within a few days is the word received from Muskegon. The power company will operate with its own power, traction and lighting branches, and plans to make an exceptionally low bid for city lighting to stop the building of the proposed municipal light plant. The local company will continue to handle the gas business.

Glen R. Munshaw, supervisor of state trespass, has filed his report with the public domain commission for the period since the trespass department was organized, July 1, 1909, to Dec. 31, 1910. The report shows there were 195 cases of trespass on state lands handled by the department. Of this number, 157 have been disposed of and 38 are pending. Thirty prosecutions were started, resulting in 15 convictions, 7 acquittals, 1 disagreement, 5 cases settled out of court and two criminal cases now pending. A total of 50 cases were discontinued after investigation had proven there was no trespass.

One hundred and seven dollars' worth of stamps were found near the scene of the revolver battle between John Mack and the Jackson police. Mack was captured and taken to Adrian as one of the yeggs who robbed the Cement City postoffice.

About 400 farmers who are growing sugar beets in Huron county met at Pigeon and organized the Huron County Beet Growers' association. W. W. Harder, of Pigeon, was elected president. It was decided to ask for \$1 more a ton for beets, but further than that the association will await the action of the State Growers' association.

THE LEGISLATURE AND ITS WORK

THE WORK OF THE LAWMAKERS IS BECOMING STILL MORE INTERESTING.

THE BATTLE IN THE SENATE ON GOVERNOR'S APPOINTMENTS WENT AGAINST HIM.

The Reorganization of the National Guard Calls for Less Frills and More Efficiency.

(Special Correspondence.)

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 14, 1911.

Gov. Osborn was defeated in his first skirmish with the state senate, all of the recess appointments of ex-Gov. Warner being confirmed with the exception of Dr. George E. Potter, who is replaced on the Detroit Board of Health by Dr. J. B. Kennedy, who was turned down by Gov. Warner for Dr. Potter. The two big fights occurred on labor commissioner and member of the railroad commission.

Rich Farmer Sent to Prison. Judge Clement Smith sentenced Jay Sweet, a wealthy farmer of Kalamo, Eaton county, to six months to five years in the reformatory at Ionia for stealing a chamois skin and two picture postal cards from a store in Nashville.

Sweet had long been suspected of shoplifting in Nashville, and was caught with the goods on him. Sweet claimed troubles with the neighborhood and his family during the last few years disorganized his mind, causing kleptomania.

Here are the Osborn appointments confirmed: Gilman M. Dame, dairy and food commissioner; Dr. J. B. Kennedy, Detroit, member Detroit health board.

W. J. Hunsacker, Saginaw, member state fish commission for six years. Dr. Frank E. Sharp, Port Huron, member state dental board.

Allison L. Wright, Bad Axe, member board of control School for Deaf and Dumb.

George H. Turner, Coldwater, member board state public schools. Boys J. Cram, Detroit, member board corrections and charities for nine years.

Franklin P. Sayre, Flushing, member Industrial School for Boys. F. Bruce Smith, Saginaw, member board employment institution for blind.

These Osborn appointments were rejected: James Bice, Marquette, to be railroad commissioner to succeed George W. Dickinson.

Perry F. Powers to be labor commissioner to succeed Richard H. Fletcher.

Dr. Leartus Connor, to be member Detroit board of health. Dr. George F. Burke, Detroit, to be member state board dental examiners.

Dr. C. W. Hitchcock, Detroit, to be member Pontiac asylum board. O. L. Millard, Hersey, to be member board of control, Home for Feeble Minded.

T. G. Stevenson, Ionia, to be member Board Soldiers' Home. Dr. J. B. Griswold, Grand Rapids, to be member state library board.

Appointments by Gov. Osborn of E. T. Boden, Bay City, was tabled. No action was taken on Lawton T. Heams' appointment for Democratic member railroad commission.

Repeal Bills. Many of the measures recommended by Gov. Osborn in his message have already been introduced. Among them are the bills repealing the acts providing for a state board of arbitration and the creation of the salt and oil inspection departments.

These were favored by Rep. Ogg of Detroit. Others provide for a tax on mineral reservation, two-cent fares in the upper peninsula, the combination of the Mecosta-Newaygo and Muskegon-Oceana judicial circuits and for workmen's compensation to say nothing of several bills providing for the repeal of the mortgage tax law.

The Governor's Cabinet. Gov. Osborn will model his administration of state affairs and the transaction of executive business along national lines. One of the first things he will do will be to form a cabinet to be composed of the electic state officers and the heads of the various state departments. Frequent meetings of this cabinet will be held so that the governor may have the advice of those men on the business of Michigan and that plans may be formulated and discussed which will bring the machinery of government to the highest state of efficiency. This is a distinct innovation in the administration of the executive office and the result will be watched with great interest.

New Pardon Board Members. Gov. Osborn has selected Fred J. Russell of Hart and Dr. J. B. Bradley of Eaton Rapids to fill the vacancies on the pardon board caused by the forced resignation of Dr. J. H. Rumer and Rowland Connor. Judge Russell was formerly a circuit judge on the Muskegon-Oceana circuit and was also a member of the constitutional convention. Dr. Bradley was auditor general for four years and he ran Gov. Warner so close for a nomination in 1908 that a recount was necessary. Both appointments have given a great deal of satisfaction at the capital.

Woman Suffrage. Rep. D. A. Green of Pontiac has introduced in the house a resolution providing for the submission to the people of a constitutional amendment which gives women universal suffrage. The measure has the backing of the Federated Women's Clubs of the state, the State Grange and many other organizations and is sure to be backed strongly in the legislature. The organized women of the state are planning to maintain a permanent lobby here for the purpose of urging the measure and a warm time is expected.

Service Replaces Frills.

The plans for the reorganization of the National Guard of the state are practically complete. A number of the prominent officers of the state militia met here with Gov. Osborn and went thoroughly into the subject with the result that a comprehensive plan, which meets with the approval of both the governor and the men in the service, was evolved, which will be introduced in the legislature in the form of a bill.

The bill will provide for lopping off the gold lace men and putting the work of handling the state guard in the hands of the men who are actively in the service.

This will mean a saving of several thousand dollars per year in addition to bringing the handling of the guard right up to a war footing at all times.

Under the plan as proposed, there will be about fourteen less staff officers than at present. The brigade commander will be the immediate commander of the state troops the year around, but instead of his staff taking charge of the departments as has been proposed it was decided by the officers that the best interests of the service required that the adjutant's department as the department of records, and the quartermaster's department as the department of supplies should be placed on a more permanent basis.

The plan provided for will reduce the ranks of the officers in charge from colonel to major. The further suggestion was made that in case the state troops are called out for service, if the brigade staff had to remain at their offices the brigade commander would be without their assistance, and if they went the state military department would be without trained officers to send forward supplies and more troops in case of need.

The governor was informed by Maj. Earl Stewart, of Grand Rapids, member of the legislature, who acted as spokesman for the party, that in the main the plan was in accord with his policy as expressed in his message, and that it was more in regard to details than anything else upon which those present wished to offer some suggestions. Maj. Stewart further expressed the opinion that the officers present desired, to have a law drafted which will place the organization as nearly as possible upon the basis of organization of the regular army.

Work will be started on the bill by Maj. Stewart and Maj. Gansser of Bay City at once.

Liquor Legislation. There is little chance of very much liquor legislation this session. The drys will merely ask for a few amendments to the local option law making more clear some of its provisions and the wets will concentrate their fight on giving license home rule in the matter of closing hours and the observance of holidays other than Sundays and election days.

There is also a measure to prohibit the making of wine and cider in dry counties. Phily Marsh, lobbyist for the anti-saloon league, expresses himself as well satisfied that the liquor committee in the senate is a fair one, but is not so enthusiastic about the house committee, although he wants to give the committee a chance to act before expressing any definite opinion.

Work Convicts on Roads. Rep. Austin has favored a bill which will occasion a great deal of discussion before final disposition is made of it. It provides for working convicts from the various state prisons on the roads, boards of supervisors who wish to adopt the plan making formal request to the wardens for men, the counties to pay for the keep of the men while they are employed at road building in the county. Gov. Osborn favors legislation along this line, but it has many bitter opponents also and there is sure to be a warm fight on it.

The Houses Will Junket. It is extremely probable that there will be a junket by the legislature after all. On investigation it was found that the passage of legislation would be hampered more by committee being away all the time inspecting state institutions than it would be by the legislature off all at once and the committee going away at the same time. It was then provided in the house that only the chairman should go, but that is not acceptable to the senate.

Decrease of Employees. Speaker Baker has inaugurated a regime of economy in the house. The number of house employees has been cut from 43 to 34 and the new speaker promises that it will not be increased. However, in the past, similar statements have been made but occasionally after the opening of the session resolutions have been shoved through increasing the number and before the end of the session the same old number would be reached.

The Democratic Members. The Democratic party has a larger representation in the legislature than it has had since the '90s. In the house are 13 members of the minority party and in the senate three. About the only sign of activity from a party standpoint, which the minority is showing is that it has agreed to vote for John T. Winship for United States senator when the election takes place on Jan. 17.

Of course, Charles E. Townsend will be elected by the legislature in accord with the wish of the people expressed at the primaries, but the Democrats will remain loyal to their candidate.

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U. P. HAS IDEAL SOIL.

None Better for Fruit Growing, Says U. S. Geologist Leverett.

United States Geologist Frank Leverett is in Lansing conferring with State Geologist Allen in regard to the publication of the surface and geological map of the upper peninsula of Michigan, which he has been preparing for the last three years. The map will show not only the geological formation of the territory, but by a system of color variation the kind of soil to be found in each township of the upper peninsula and its adaptability to the various branches of agriculture and horticulture.

According to the government geologist 75 per cent of the upper peninsula area is adapted to some branch of agricultural pursuits, much of the land being superior to that now available in the lower peninsula. Along the coast line of Lake Superior there is a strip, which is now absolutely uninhabited, that is simply ideal from the standpoint of horticulture. The seasons are long and remarkably free from frosts during the growing season, owing to the influence of the lake breezes, and this matter will be fully set out in detail in the publication, which the state survey will issue as soon as the maps are engraved.

Rear-Admiral Barry Quits. Rear-Admiral Chauncey M. Thomas, commander of the second squadron of the Pacific fleet, arrived after rush orders at Santa Barbara, to go to San Francisco with his flagship, the California, to succeed Rear-Admiral Edw. M. Barry, pending action in Admiral Barry's request for retirement.

The cause of Admiral Barry's sudden desire to leave the service after having held the post of fleet commander for only a few months, is the subject of much gossip and speculation in naval and club circles. Stories are floating seriously on the character of the retiring admiral are being circulated, and naval officers in port have taken cognizance of them. There is an intimation in these stories that the admiral has been forced to retire.

Pension Building Fire. Thousands of records and documents in pension cases were destroyed in a fire which originated in the office of the United States pension agency in the pension building in Washington.

The damage was mostly done by smoke and water. A number of old records bound in book form and running as far back as the Revolutionary war were destroyed. Duplicates of these records, however, are on file in the pension office. The late records from 1906 onward were not destroyed. They are in steel filing cases.

The loss is about \$6,000.

Collision Kills Five. Five men were killed, two were probably fatally injured and a score were hurt in the wreck of the Western Express train near the Buffalo special, both westbound, on the New York Central railroad near Batavia.

The Buffalo and Boston special was standing in the station yards and it is alleged Engineer Lydell of the Western Express ran past the caution signals and dashed into the rear of the standing train. The signals, Superintendent Everett declares, were in excellent working order.

One man was killed and several injured in a mine explosion in Shady Point, Okla.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit—Cattle—Market steady at last week's prices. We quote choice steers, \$10.00; good to choice, \$9.50; heavy, \$9.00; light, \$8.50; calves, \$8.00; mixed butchers, \$7.50; mixed, \$7.00; canners, \$6.50; common, \$6.00; good shippers, \$5.50; common, \$5.00; good shippers, \$4.50; common, \$4.00; good shippers, \$3.50; common, \$3.00; good shippers, \$2.50; common, \$2.00; good shippers, \$1.50; common, \$1.00; good shippers, \$0.50; common, \$0.00.

Sheep—Market steady; best grades, \$9.50; medium, \$9.00; light, \$8.50; others, \$8.00; mixed, \$7.50; mixed, \$7.00; canners, \$6.50; common, \$6.00; good shippers, \$5.50; common, \$5.00; good shippers, \$4.50; common, \$4.00; good shippers, \$3.50; common, \$3.00; good shippers, \$2.50; common, \$2.00; good shippers, \$1.50; common, \$1.00; good shippers, \$0.50; common, \$0.00.

Grain, Etc. Detroit—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 99c; May opened without change at \$1.04 1/4; 1-4, \$1.03 3/4; 1-2, \$1.02 1/2; 1-8, \$1.01 1/2; 1-16, \$1.00 1/2; 1-32, \$0.99 1/2; 1-64, \$0.98 1/2; 1-128, \$0.97 1/2; 1-256, \$0.96 1/2; 1-512, \$0.95 1/2; 1-1024, \$0.94 1/2; 1-2048, \$0.93 1/2; 1-4096, \$0.92 1/2; 1-8192, \$0.91 1/2; 1-16384, \$

SERIAL
STORYWhen
a Man
MarriesBy
MARY ROBERTS RINEHARTAuthor of *The Circular Staircase*,
The Man in Lower
Ten, Etc.

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SYNOPSIS.

James Wilson or Jimmy as he is called by his friends, is a young man of twenty, who is a student in the law. He is a very handsome young man, and is very popular with the girls. He is a very kind and generous young man, and is very popular with the girls. He is a very kind and generous young man, and is very popular with the girls.

CHAPTER II. (Continued.)

"My dear," she said over the telephone, when I invited her, "I want you to know him. He'll be crazy about you. That type of man, big and really earnest, always falls in love with your type of girl, the appealing sort, you know. And he has been too busy up to now, to know what love is. But mind, don't hurt him; he's a dear boy. I'm half in love with him myself, and Dallas trots around at his heels like a poodle."

But all Anne's geese are swans, so I thought little of the Harbison man except to hope that he played respectable bridge, and wouldn't mark the cards with a steel spring under his finger nail, as one of her "fnds" had done.

We all arrived about the same time, and Anne and I went upstairs together to take off our wraps in what had been Bella's dressing room. It was Anne who noticed the violets.

"Look at that!" she nudged me, when the maid was examining her wrap before she laid it down. "What did I tell you, Kit? He's still quite mad about her."

Jim had painted Bella's portrait while they were going up the Nile on their wedding trip. It looked quite like her, if you stood well off in the middle of the room and if the light came from the right. And just beneath it, in a silver case, was a bunch of violets. It was really touching, and violets were fabulous. It made me want to cry, and to shake Bella soundly, and to go down and pat Jim on his generous shoulder, and tell him what a good fellow I thought him, and that Bella wasn't worth the dust under his feet. I don't know much about psychology, but it would be interesting to know just what effect those violets and my sympathy for Jim had in influencing my decision a half-hour later. It is not surprising, under the circumstances, that for some time after the odor of violets made me ill.

We all met downstairs in the living room, quite informally, and Dallas was banging away at the piano, tramping the pedals with the delicacy and feeling of a football center-rush kicking a goal. Mr. Harbison was standing near the fire, a little away from the others, and he was all that Anne had said and more in appearance. He was tall—not too tall, and very straight. And after one got past the oddity of his face being bronze-colored above his white collar, and of his brown hair being sun-bleached on top until it was almost yellow, one realized that he was very handsome. He had what one might call a resolute nose and chin, and a pleasant, rather humorous, mouth. And he had blue eyes that were, at that moment, wandering with interest over the lot of us. Somebody shouted his name to me above the Tristan and Isolde music, and I held out my hand.

Instantly I had the feeling one sometimes has, of having done just that same thing, with the same surroundings, in the same place, years before. I was looking up at him, and he was staring down at me and holding my hand. And then the music stopped and he was saying:

"Where was it?" I asked. The feeling was stronger than ever with his voice.

"I beg your pardon," he said, and let my hand drop. "Just for a second had an idea that we had met before somewhere, a long time ago. I suppose no, it couldn't have happened, or I should remember." He was smiling half at himself.

"No," I smiled back at him. "It didn't happen, I'm afraid—unless we dreamed it."

"We?"

"I felt that way, too, for a moment. The Brushwood Boy!" he said with conviction. "Perhaps we will find a common dream life, where we knew each other. You remember the Brushwood Boy loved the girl for years before they really met. But this was a little too rapid, even for me."

"Nothing so sentimental, I'm afraid," I returned. "I have had an

actly the same sensation sometimes when I have sneezed."

Betty Mercer captured him then and took him off to see Jim's newest picture. Anne pounced on me at once.

"Isn't he delicious?" she demanded. "Did you ever see such shoulders? And such a nose? And he thinks we are parasites, ciphers of the earth, heaven knows what. He says every woman ought to know how to earn her living, in case of necessity! I said I could make enough at bridge, and he thought I was joking! He's a dear!" Anne was enthusiastic.

I looked after him. Oddly enough the feeling that we had met before struck me. Which was ridiculous, of course, for we learned afterward that the nearest we ever came to meeting was that our mothers had been school friends! Just then I saw Jim beckoning to me crazily from the den. He looked quite yellow, and he had been running his fingers through his hair.

"For heaven's sake, come in, Kit!" he said. "I need a cool head. Didn't I tell you this is my calamity day?"

"Cook gone?" I asked with interest. I was starving.

He closed the door and took up a tragic attitude in front of the fire. "Did you ever hear of Aunt Selina?" he demanded.

"I knew there was one," I ventured, mindful of certain gossip as to whence Jimmy derived the Wilson income.

Jim himself was too worried to be cautious. He waved a brazen hand at the snug room, at the Japanese prints on the walls, at the rugs, at the teakwood cabinets and the screen inlaid with pearl and ivory.

"All this," he said comprehensively, "every bite I eat, clothes I wear, drinks I drink—you needn't look like that; I don't drink so darned much—everything comes from Aunt Selina—Buttons," he finished with a groan.

"Selina Buttons," I said reflectively. "I don't remember ever having known any one named Buttons, although I had a cat once."

"Damn the cat!" he said rudely. "Her name isn't Buttons. Her name

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Academy and can stand on my feet."

"Not if you're hung," Dallas interjected. "I'll break the truth to her." But Dallas was not enthusiastic.

"Anne wouldn't do at all," he declared. "She'd be talking about the kids before she knew it, and patting me on the head." He said it complacently; Anne flirts, but they are really devoted.

"One of the Mercer girls?" I suggested, but Jimmy raised a horrified hand.

"You don't know Aunt Selina," he protested. "I couldn't offer Lella in the gown she's got on, unless she wore a shawl and Betty is too fair."

Anne came in just then, and the whole story had to be told again to her. She was ecstatic. She said it was good enough for a play, and that of course she would be Mrs. Jimmy for that length of time.

"You know," she finished, "if it were not for Dal, I would be Mrs. Jimmy for any length of time. I have been devoted to you for years, Bill!"

But Dallas refused peremptorily. "I'm not jealous," he explained, straightening and throwing out his chest, "but—well, you don't look like the part, Anne. You're—you are growing matronly, not what you suit me all right. And then I'd forget and call you 'mammy,' which would require explanation. I think it's up to you, Kit."

"I shall do nothing of the sort!" I snapped. "It's ridiculous!"

"I dare you!" said Dallas.

I refused. I stood like a rock while the storm surged around me and beat over me. I must say for Jim that he was merely pathetic. He said that my happiness was first; that he would not give me an uncomfortable minute for anything on earth; and that Bella had been perfectly right to leave him, because he was a sinking ship, and deserved to be turned out penniless into the world. After which mixed figure, he poured himself something to drink, and his hands were shaking.

Dal and Anne stood on each side of him and patted him on the shoulders, and glared across at me. I felt that if I was a rock, Jim's ship had struck on me and was sinking, as he said, because of me. I began to crumble.

"What—what time does she leave?" I asked, wavering.

"Ten; nine; Kit, are you going to do it?"

"No!" I gave a last clutch at my resolution. "People who do that kind of thing always get into trouble. She might miss her train. She's almost certain to miss her train."

"You're temporizing," Dallas said sternly. "We won't let her miss her train; you can be sure of that."

"Jim," Anne broke in suddenly, "hasn't she a picture of Bella. There's not the faintest resemblance between Bella and Kit."

Jim became downcast again. "I sent her a miniature of Bella a couple of years ago," he said despondently. "Did it myself."

But Dal said he remembered the miniature, and it looked more like me than Bella, anyhow. And down inside of me I had a premonition that I was going to do just what they wanted me to do, and get into all sorts of trouble, and not be thanked for it after all.

Which was entirely correct. And then Lella Mercer came and banged at the door and said that dinner had been announced ages ago and that everybody was famishing. With the hurry and stress, and poor Jim's distracted face, I weakened.

"I feel like a cross between an idiot and a criminal," I said shortly, "and I don't know particularly why every one thinks I should be the victim for the sacrifice. But if you will promise to get her off early to her train, and if you will stand by me and not leave me alone with her, I—I might try it."

"Of course, we'll stand by you!" they said in chorus. "We won't let you stick!" And Dal said, "You're the right sort of girl, Kit. And after it's all over, you'll realize that it's the biggest kind of lark. Think how you are saving the old lady's feelings! When you are an elderly person yourself, Kit, you will appreciate what you are doing tonight."

Yes, they said they would stand by me, and that I was a heroine and the only person there clever enough to net the part, and that they wouldn't let me stick! I am not bitter now, but that is what they promised. Oh, I am not defending myself; I suppose I deserved everything that happened. But they told me that she would be there only between trains, and that she was deaf, and that I had an opportunity to save a fellow-being from ruin. So in the end I capitulated.

When they opened the door into the living room, Max Reed had arrived and was helping to hide a deceiver and gossamer, and somebody said a cab was at the door.

And that was the way it began. (TO BE CONTINUED.)

LIFE IN A GREAT CITY.

The crowd blocked the sidewalk and spread out half way across the street. Men struggled and almost fought to force their way through, to find out what was going on.

"What's the trouble?" asked a dozen voices.

The answers were unsatisfactory. It was a riot in a fit. Somebody had fainted. Two newsboys were fighting. A woman had been run over by a delivery wagon. A pickpocket had been caught in the act.

"Aw, g'wan, here! Move ahn," vociferated a policeman, who was the last to arrive.

The crowd melted away. Then the cause of the excitement was revealed. It was a glazier trying to break off half an inch from the bottom of a large pane of plate glass.

THE GROWTH OF TOWNS
IN WESTERN CANADAA BAROMETER OF THE GROWTH
OF THE AGRICULTURAL
DISTRICTS.

The traveler passing through a country is impressed favorably or otherwise by the appearance of the towns along the line of railways. As they appear prosperous and of healthy growth he at once assures himself that there is either a local industrial factor to cause it, or a splendidly developed agricultural area from which is drawn the resources that contribute or make for the growth that is so readily apparent. On the other hand, if evidence of impoverished streets, badly appearing residences and business places and lethargic citizens, there is an absence of local industry and surrounding agricultural prosperity. There is no line of railway, whether main or branch, throughout western Canada, that built along the ribs of steel do not convey the most favorable impression. The cause is not always apparent, but the facts are there and easily seen. In most cases the growth and the stability of these towns are caused by the excellent agricultural districts that are tributary; in some cases, manufacturing enterprises have sprung up, caused by the agricultural demands and needs. The Winnipeg Free Press and the Edmonton Bulletin have recently sent corps of correspondents through the provinces to secure data concerning the growth of the two or three hundred towns that have come into existence during the past two or three years. The particulars make interesting reading, and as one reads of the station house, the blacksmith shop, the boarding house and the store of April, being dwarfed in August by a hundred or more dwellings, by large hotels, by splendid stores, and a half dozen implement warehouses, not forgetting the two or three churches and the excellent public school buildings, it causes one to stop and think if they ever heard of such marvelous changes. Certainly not often. These are facts, though, as related of western Canada. Then, too, there are now cities—yes, cities of from ten to fifteen thousand people—where five or six years ago there was but the bare prairie and the lone section post. The changes in the Canadian West during the past eight or ten years have been marvelous, and it is no idle tale to say that the development in number and growth of the cities, towns and villages there in the past decade has eclipsed anything in the history of the building of a new country. Agriculture has been the basis, and it is agriculture of the kind that is lasting. The ease with which an excellent productive farm, capable of yielding a splendid living and large profit to the operator, is such that it has encouraged thousands to follow that pursuit, and also other thousands on the limited and expensive farms throughout the Central Western States as well as some of the Coast States, to enlarge their field of enterprise. The climate is excellent, and just the climate that is desirable for the healthy growth of man and the products of the field. All varieties of the smaller and better paying grains are raised, and generally with every assurance of good fields. With government supervision of railway rates, splendid markets are certain, and the highest prices realized. The Dominion Government, that has been carrying on a propaganda of securing settlers for the vacant lands, issues literature descriptive of those available in the provinces, and on request of your nearest Canadian government agent, copies will be forwarded free.

Hand Beats Machine.

Cigars are still made by hand, no machine having yet been invented that will roll them so nicely and evenly as do deft human fingers. The cheap cigars—the three-for-five variety—are made of French, Kentucky, Algerian or Hungarian leaves. At the other extreme are the cigars smoked by the czar of Russia, which are of the choicest and best matured Havana, and which cost \$1.50 each.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded. Your Druggist, My Druggist, Any Druggist in Michigan.

A Deadly Error.

Dr. W. B. Cannon of Harvard, discussing anti-vivisection literature at a dinner in New York, said with a smile:

"This literature, in part, at least, is as flagrantly erroneous as the medical department conducted by a young college girl in a weekly paper. A sample reply in this department ran:

"Bereaved.—The reply given last week was a mistake. It should have been ten drops of laudanum, not ten cups of laudanum. Yes, we advocate cremation rather than the old-fashioned burial."

Lofty Ambition.

"What is your ambition?" "Merely to make more money than my wife can spend."—Detroit Free Press.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE" That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the name of W. D. GAY on the wrapper over to cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

If every year we would root out one vice we should sooner become perfect men.—Thomas a Kempis.



Bill Bug—What makes your back so stiff? Rheumatism?

Waldo Worm—No; I swallowed a toothpick.

The Shadow of Science.

It is hard to believe that a shadow is probably the origin of all astronomical, geometrical and geographical science. The first man who fixed his staff perpendicularly in the ground and measured its shadow was the earliest computer of time, and the Arab of today who plants his spear in the sand and marks where the shadow falls is his direct descendant. It is from the shadow of a gnomon that the early Egyptians told the length of the year. It is from the shadow of a gnomon that the inhabitants of Upper Egypt still measure the hours of work for a water wheel. In this case the gnomon is a hurra stalk supported on forked uprights and points north and south. East and west are pegs in the ground, evenly marking the space of earth between sunrise and sunset. In a land of constant sunshine a shadow was the primitive chronometer. It was also the primitive foot rule.

The Best Cough Syrup Is Easily Made at Home

Costs Little and Acts Quickly. Money Refunded if It Fails.

This recipe makes a pint of cough syrup and saves you about 25¢ as compared with ordinary cough remedies. It stops obstinate coughs—even whooping cough—in a hurry, and is splendid for sore lungs, asthma, hoarseness and other throat troubles.

Mix one pint of granulated sugar with ½ pint of warm water, and stir for 2 minutes. Put 3½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) in a pint bottle and add the Sugar Syrup. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours. Tastes good.

This takes right hold of a cough and gives almost instant relief. It stimulates the appetite and is slightly laxative—both excellent features.

Pinex, as perhaps you know, is the most valuable concentrated compound of Norway white pine extract, rich in gualcol and other natural healing pine elements.

No other preparation will do the work of Pinex in this recipe, although strained honey can be used instead of the sugar syrup, if desired.

Thousands of housewives in the United States and Canada now use this Pinex and Sugar Syrup recipe. This plan has often been imitated, but the old successful formula has never been equaled. Its low cost and quick results have made it immensely popular.

A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., 284 Main St., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

A Lesson for Diplomats.

Ellihu Root, at the luncheon in Providence preceding the dedication of the John Hay Memorial Library at Brown university, said of John Hay:

"His diplomacy was gracious, and it was prudent as well. I remember in an argument about a certain international complication, how very warmly and aptly he once insisted on prudence."

"It was the Christmas season, and he said that we might learn a lesson from a little girl who was naughty in the early part of December."

"Dear me," her mother said, "if you're going to be naughty I'm very much afraid Santa Claus won't bring you any presents."

"The little girl frowned. 'Well,' she whispered, 'you needn't say it so near the chimney.'"

The Difference. Ted—Did he sober down and marry? Ned—No; he married and sobered down.—Smart Set.

It's a great accomplishment to be able to sing, but don't lose sight of the fact that it's just as great a one to know you can't.

The danger from slight cuts or wounds is always blood poisoning. The immediate application of Hamlin's Wizard Oil makes blood poisoning impossible.

I am of the opinion that the most honorable calling is to serve the public, and to be useful to many.—Montaigne.

We find the worst in all by trying to get the best of any one.

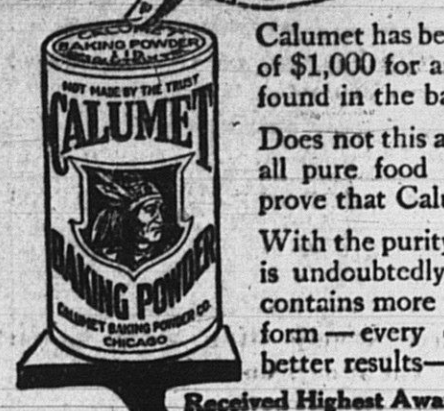
Many women suffer needlessly from girlhood to womanhood and from motherhood to old age—with backache, dizziness or headache. She becomes broken-down, sleepless, nervous, irritable and feels tired from morning to night. When pains and aches rack the womanly system at frequent intervals, ask your neighbor about

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

This Prescription has, for over 40 years, been curing delicate, weak, pain-wracked women, by the hundreds of thousands, and this too in privacy of their homes without their having to submit to indecent questionings and offensively repugnant examinations.

Sick women are invited to consult in confidence by letter free. Address World's Dispensary Medical Ass'n, R.Y. Pierce, M.D., Pres't, Buffalo, N.Y. Dr. Pierce's Great Family Doctor Book, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, newly revised up-to-date edition—1000 pages, answers in Plain English hosts of delicate questions which every woman, single or married, ought to know about. Sent free to any address on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of wrapping and mailing only, in French cloth binding.

If you find any substance in your baking injurious to health made from baking powder in this can there is—



Calumet has been backed for years by an offer of \$1,000 for any substance injurious to health found in the baking prepared with it.

Does not this and the fact that it complies with all pure food laws, both State and National, prove that Calumet is absolutely pure?

With the purity question settled—then Calumet is undoubtedly the best Baking Powder. It contains more leavening power; it is more uniform—every can is the same. It assures better results—and is moderate in price.

Received Highest Award World's Pure Food Exposition

CALUMET
BAKING POWDER
Pure in the Can—Pure in the Baking.

NOT AS BAD AS IT SOUNDED

Wonderful Highland Dialect Responsible for Wrong Impression Given Divine.

Andrew Carnegie, at a dinner in New York, talked about the Scotch dialect.

"It's a hard lingo to understand," he said. "It often causes awkward mistakes."

"Once an American divine spent Christmas in a Highland inn. On Christmas morning he gave the maid a tip of a sovereign, and he said, looking earnestly at her—for she was a pretty maid—

"Do you know, Kathleen, you are a very good-looking lassie?"

"Of course Kathleen was pleased, but, being modest, she blushed like a rose and answered: 'Ah, na! Ah, na! But my klessin, sir, is beautiful!'"

"The divine frowned. 'Leave the room, you wicked young baggage!' he said sternly."

"He didn't know, you see, that modest Kathleen had been simply praising in her Highland dialect, the superior charms of her cousin Janet of Peebles."

A Prime Cause of Ill Health.

A famous physician on being asked recently what is the chief cause of ill health, replied: "Thinking and talking about it all the time. This senseless introspection in which so many of the rising generation of the nervous folk indulge is certainly wearing them out. When they are not worrying as to whether they sleep too much or too little, they are fretting over the amount of food they take or the quantity of exercise necessary for health. In short they never give themselves a moment's peace."

The Inevitable.

"You don't resent that successful candidate's proud and haughty manner?"

"Nope," rejoined Farmer Cortossel. "The fact that he's in politics is all the guarantee I want that sooner or later he'll meet with some kind of a terrible finish."

The worst foe you have is the man who would kill all your enemies.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headaches, and Distress After Eating. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature.

Ask to see the Leather Covered Pocket Edition

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

WOMAN'S ILLS

Many women suffer needlessly from girlhood to womanhood and from motherhood to old age—with backache, dizziness or headache. She becomes broken-down, sleepless, nervous, irritable and feels tired from morning to night. When pains and aches rack the womanly system at frequent intervals, ask your neighbor about

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\$1000
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With the purity question settled—then Calumet is undoubtedly the best Baking Powder. It contains more leavening power; it is more uniform—every can is the same. It assures better results—and is moderate in price.

Received Highest Award World

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

Terms—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1906, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Ed. Keusch was in Ann Arbor Monday.

Miss Anna Eisele spent Saturday in Detroit.

James Taylor was in Ann Arbor Monday.

Howard Boyd spent Sunday in Jackson.

Dr. A. L. Steger was in Ann Arbor Monday evening.

Miss Genevieve Wilson visited in Jackson Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Campbell spent Wednesday in Ann Arbor.

Clyde Lee, of Jackson, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Mrs. Wilbur VanRiper was a Jackson visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. G. Martin is visiting Jackson relatives this week.

Mrs. James Gorman is visiting in Detroit this week.

L. T. Freeman and T. Drislane were in Stockbridge Sunday.

R. C. Copeland, of Dexter, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Miss Mayme Ross was the guest of Jackson friends Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Winans is visiting her son William in Lansing.

George Winters spent Sunday with his parents in Bunkerhill.

Fred Binder, of Jackson, spent Monday with Chelsea friends.

Mrs. John May is spending a few days with Detroit friends.

Miss Anna Mast was the guest of her sister in Jackson Sunday.

Dr. Holmes spent Saturday and Sunday with Ann Arbor friends.

Mrs. E. E. Shaver spent the first of the week with Detroit relatives.

Miss Adeline Spinnagle returned to her school in Manchester Monday.

Miss Jennie Geddes, of Tecumseh, spent Sunday with her parents here.

Louis Miller returned to his home in Chicago, the first of the week.

Mrs. R. D. Gates has been a guest of her mother in Milan for the past week.

Jacob Alber, of Milan, spent Wednesday and Thursday at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Miller, of Jackson, were guests of relatives here Sunday.

Miss Mayme McKernan spent Sunday and Monday with her sister in Union City.

O. Wines, of Detroit, spent the first of the week with Chelsea relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Fletcher and son are spending this week with Detroit relatives.

Algernon Palmer, of Lansing, was the guest of his parents here Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Leigh Palmer, of Detroit, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bacon.

Mrs. E. Hamilton, of Jackson, was the guest of Chelsea friends several days of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Rathburn, of Tecumseh, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Geddes.

Earl Griswold, of Hudson, spent a number of days of the past week at the home of Jasper Graham.

Mrs. M. Paul and the Misses Sarah and Mary Taylor, of Dexter, spent Tuesday with Mrs. John Schieferstein.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Paul, of Ann Arbor, and Otto Paul and sister, of Dexter, visited at the home of Chas. Paul Sunday.

Escaped With His Life.

"Twenty-one years ago I faced an awful death," writes H. B. Martin, Port Harrison, S. C. "Doctors said I had consumption and the dreadful cough I had looked like it, sure enough. I tried everything I could hear of, for my cough, and was under the treatment of the best doctor in Georgetown, S. C. for a year but could get no relief. A friend advised me to try Dr. King's New Discovery. I did so, and was completely cured. I feel that I owe my life to this great throat and lung cure." It's positively guaranteed for coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co., L. P. Vogel.

The Standard "Want" advs. give results. Try them.

CHURCH CIRCLES

ST. PAULS.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.
Services at the usual hour next Sunday morning.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH,

NEAR FRANCISCO.
Rev. J. E. Beal, Pastor.
The regular service on Sunday morning.
Evangelistic services will begin on Sunday evening. Rev. M. W. Magdanz will be here during the week.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor.
Morning worship at 10 a. m. Subject, "God's Messenger to Men." Sunday school at 11 a. m. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6 p. m. Miss Leona Belser will speak on "Books Worth Reading." Evening service at 7 o'clock. Subject, "The Narrowness of Jesus."

BAPTIST.

Rev. F. I. Blanchard, Pastor.
Preaching service at 10 a. m. Subject, "Christianity, a Missionary Religion." Bible school at 11 a. m. Young People's meeting at 6 p. m. Subject, "The Law of Prevailing Prayer." Leader, Andrew Sawyer. Preaching service at 7 p. m. Subject, "The Still Small Voice." Union prayer meeting January 26, 7 p. m. at the Congregational church.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Rev. J. W. Campbell, Pastor.
The sermon in the morning at 10 o'clock will be for boys and girls but we hope to interest all who may come. Bible study at 11 a. m. Junior League at 3 p. m. Epworth League devotional service at 6:15 p. m. Evening services at 7 o'clock. The evening sermon will be the third in the series for January. Prayer service on Thursday at 7 p. m.

"The Prince of Pilsen."

"The Prince of Pilsen," which is perhaps the most popular and successful musical comedy of American authorship produced within the past decade, will be presented, with an all star cast at the New Whitney theatre Wednesday, January 25th.

In the organization are many who have taken part in its presentation since the night of its first production; others have been taken from the various companies that have played the piece, being chosen for the superior character of their work. The company under consideration is the only one now playing this popular work in this country. Jess Dandy, who has played the role of Hans Wagner, the brewer from "Zinninna," more than 1500 times, will be seen again in that humorous impersonation Edward Hara as the real Prince of Pilsen, gives the best performance this part has ever had. Frances Cameron, a talented actress and singer of large experience in musical comedy, and for three seasons sang Sonia in "The Merry Widow," will play the part of the vivacious widow, and is credited with giving one of the best performances this character has ever had. Vera Stanley makes a dainty figure as Nellie Wagner, the brewer's daughter.

The chorus contingents have been carefully chosen to secure the rare combination of good voices and good looks.

The scenic and costume equipments are such as come only from the Henry W. Savage work rooms, the best that skill, experience and good taste can provide.

Prices 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50.

WHY HESITATE

An Offer That Involves No Risk For Those Who Accept It.

We are so positive our remedy will completely relieve constipation, no matter how chronic it may be, that we offer to furnish it free of all cost if it fails.

Constipation is caused by weakness of the nerves and muscles of the large intestines or descending colon. To expect a cure you must therefore tone up and strengthen those organs and restore them to healthier activity.

We want you to try Rexall Orderlies on our guarantee. They are eaten like candy, and are particularly ideal for children. They act directly on the nerves and muscles of the bowels. They have a neutral action on the other organs or glands. They do not purge or cause any inconvenience whatever. They will positively overcome chronic or habitual constipation and the myriads of associate or dependent chronic ailments. Try Rexall Orderlies at our risk. Two sizes, 10c. and 25c. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store. L. T. Freeman Co.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Stedman were Ann Arbor visitors Saturday.

LIMA CENTER NEWS.

Carl Easton has the mumps.
A. Rouse has bought a farm south of Ann Arbor.

James McLaren spent Saturday and Sunday in Plymouth.

Several from here attended the theatre in Ann Arbor Saturday night.

Emanuel Baries has gone to St. Louis, Mo., to visit his brother Jacob.

Mrs. Ella Eaton spent Saturday and Sunday with her daughter in Denton.

Mrs. Fannie Hough, of Kalamazoo, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary Rockwell.

Mrs. A. Strieter is spending this week with her daughter, Mrs. W. Floor, of Grass Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Addison Webb have gone to Williamston and Lansing to spend a couple of weeks with relatives.

The Gleaners had a box social in the church Thursday evening, James Finnel of Ann Arbor was the auctioneer. They cleared about \$19.

LYNDON CENTER.

(Too late for last week)

Edward Cary is spending some time with Jackson relatives.

John Clark spent Thursday of last week with friends in Detroit.

Chas. Young is in attendance on the jury at Ann Arbor these days.

Sam Boyce has purchased from A. J. Boyce the forty acres of land joining H. S. Barton on the west. Price \$800.

H. Leek and Homer Stofer took in poultry at Waterloo on Tuesday last, and on Wednesday at the Stofer farm.

Mr. and Mrs. James Howlett spent Wednesday last visiting friends in Jackson.

Wm. Long, of Chelsea, was in this vicinity on Monday last looking for shipping stock.

Miss Irene Clark returned to school at St. Mary's Academy, Monroe, on Thursday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Burlison spent Thursday of last week in Pinckney where Mr. Burlison purchased a horse.

A few young people met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Young on Tuesday evening last and enjoyed a coasting party.

The newly elected officers of Eureka Grange are: Master, Jas. Howlett; overseer, H. S. Barton; secretary, Miss Genevieve Young; treasurer, H. Stofer.

Dr. Palmer is hauling saw logs to his Canfield farm from Waterloo township. He is preparing to do some building and will have a saw mill on the ground to saw up the logs.

FRANCISCO NOTES.

(Too late for last week)

Velma Richards spent part of last week with Chelsea friends.

George Fauser and wife are entertaining the latter's brother.

Mr. Courtzu, of North Dakota, is working for James Richards.

George Archibald, of Waterloo, was in this vicinity Tuesday.

Rose and Mae Morris spent a few days recently with Ann Arbor friends.

Mrs. Anna Geiske, of Chelsea, is visiting Francisco friends this week.

B. C. Whitaker and family were Jackson visitors Friday and Saturday.

Revival services will begin at the German M. E. church here January 15.

Mrs. Bert Guthrie, of Chelsea, spent a few days with her mother, who is ill.

Gertrude Morhardt, of Ann Arbor, spent last week with Joseph Morris and daughters.

H. J. Lehmann and family spent Sunday with Jacob Wehloff and family near Grass Lake.

M. J. Lehmann, of Ann Arbor, spent Friday afternoon with his brother and family here.

Rev. J. E. Beal spent last week in Hopkins assisting Rev. F. W. Magdanz with revival meetings.

The Cavanaugh Lake Grange has been postponed until January 31 and will meet with P. H. Riemenschneider and wife.

Ends Winter's Troubles.

To many, winter is a season of trouble. The frost-bitten toes and fingers, chapped hands and lips, chilblains, cold-sores, red and rough skins, prove this. But such troubles fly before Bucklen's Arnica Salve. A trial convinces. Greatest healer of burns, boils, piles, cuts, sores, bruises, eczema and sprains. Only 25c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co., L. P. Vogel.

Advice to mothers: Don't let your children waste away. Keep them strong and healthy during the winter with Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It is the greatest tonic for children. Pure and harmless, does the greatest good. 35c tea or tablets.

SUGAR LOAF LAKE.

J. J. Baldwin will move on the Easton farm in Lima in the spring.

Mr. and Mrs. George Beeman are visiting relatives in Jackson this week.

George Greige, jr., returned to the hospital in Ann Arbor Monday for treatment.

Edmund Cooper and wife and son, DeLancy, spent Sunday at the home of G. W. Beeman.

SHARON NEWS.

Ashley Parks is filling his ice house. Miss Carrie Uphaus is on the sick list.

Miss Belle O'Neill is enjoying a week's vacation.

Ben Minus will work for Jacob Lehman the coming year.

Mrs. Fred Lehman visited her mother, Mrs. George Peckens last Sunday.

Miss Florence Houlett spent Tuesday night with H. P. O'Neill and family.

Some of the children about here have been the victim of chicken-pox for the past week.

John Bruetle has purchased his brother Fred's personal property and also rented his farm.

SYLVAN HAPPENINGS.

The sick in this vicinity are slowly improving.

The Gleaners have organized a lodge here with 60 members.

Fred Knoll, who has been quite ill, has returned to his work in Chelsea.

Mrs. Homer Boyd spent several days of last week in Detroit and Pontiac.

Jas. Brock has rented the old hotel here and will take possession in the near future.

Mrs. Frank Cooper, of Lima, spent several days of last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Dancer.

Homer Boyd attended the election of officers of the Mutual Fire Insurance Company at Ann Arbor Wednesday.

NORTH LAKE NEWS.

E. W. Daniels attended the auctioneers' convention at Ann Arbor on Wednesday of last week.

Miss Pearce, of Ypsilanti, was the guest of Miss Mary Whalian and her parents from Friday until Sunday.

Byron Hopkins, formerly of this place, died at his home in Dexter Tuesday, January 17. He leaves a devoted wife and two sons, Ernest and Lee.

The Ladies' Aid Society met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Noah on Monday, January 16, and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: president, Mrs. F. A. Glenn; vice president, Mrs. Geo. Webb; secretary, Mrs. Samuel Schultz; treasurer, Mrs. O. P. Noah.

The Sunday school contest banquet was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Hadley last Friday evening. The chief contestants, Miss Edna Dixon and Miss Florence Noah, gave a program by the school, consisting of vocal and instrumental music, recitations and an address by Rev. G. Hoffman. Ninety-four sat down to the banquet.

GO IN FOR WHOLESOME FUN
Recreation a Necessity, But Beware of the Wrong Sort of Pleasures.

Those who try to do without recreation pay the penalty in arrested development, says Orison Sweet Marden, in Success Magazine. They dry up. Their lives become joyless and uninteresting. They do not get rid of the brain ash from one day to another, and the monotony of using the same faculties a great many hours each day without change or diversion will soon so deteriorate the mind that it will lose its elasticity, its power to rebound, and the brain will operate in a perfunctory manner, instead of with strong, vigorous action and will produce nothing original or great.

A multitude of people, however, lose the very good they are seeking in their recreation by indulging in pleasures which demoralize, weaken, and which, instead of making them fresher and stronger for their next day's work, leave a demoralizing reaction and exhaust their vitality. Their "good time" does not accomplish the end sought, because they cannot discriminate between innocent amusement, which sends a healthful glow all through the whole nature, rebuilds, rejuvenates, refreshes, restores all the life forces to their normal condition, and the pleasures, which exhaust the vitality, deplete the life forces. Those people confuse fun with dissipation. Anything which lessens your self-respect, which you are ashamed to mention to your mother or sister, which makes you think a little less of yourself, is dissipation—not good, wholesome fun.

She Probably Could.
Senator La Follette, apropos of certain scandals, said at a dinner in Madison:

"These things recall the legislator who remarked to his wife, with a look of disgust:

"One of these land lobbyists approached me today with another insinuating proposition."

"The wife, a young and pretty woman, clasped her hands.

"Oh, good!" she cried. "Then I can have that sable stole after all, can't I, dear?"

Now's the Time

To take advantage of the January Clearing Sale on at the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.'s stores

Linens Must Be Sold Out Now

To make room for new, crisp goods—just beginning to arrive—for spring business. Some of these linens are mussed or slightly soiled, but every piece is new, this season's purchase, and marked away down.

\$2.00 Double Damask, now.....\$1.59
\$1.75 Double Damask, Reed's Linen, now.....\$1.39
\$1.50 Damask, Extra Heavy, now.....\$1.19
\$1.25 Fine, very pretty Damask, 72-inch, pure linen, now.....94c
\$1.00 same as above but lighter weight, now.....75c

Extra Special Value

Three pieces half bleached German Damask, very heavy and fine, by far the best half bleached Linen we ever had in our store, worth \$1.50 yard, now.....94c

Large, 19c Huck Towels, with red borders, now.....9c
Pure Linen Towels, now.....25c and 35c
Union Towels, very fine, now.....22c and 25c
We have several pieces of two-yard-wide Utica Bleached Sheet, always 35c per yard, and the best quality in America. This sale only.....26c
45-inch Casing, same Utica Bleached Goods, always 22c, now.....17c
2-yard wide Brown Cotton, now.....21c
Fruit of the Loom 12½c bleached Cotton, now.....9c
Lonsdale 12½c bleached Cotton, now.....9c
Extra Fine 10c bleached Cotton, now.....9c
Good, fine, yard-wide Brown Cotton, now.....6c to 8c
Towelings by the yard, bleached and unbleached, in all linen or part linen, were 8c, 10c, 12c and 14c, now.....6c to 12c

All Dress Goods Reduced from 1-4 to 1-2 Off Regular Prices

Coleen Poplins, always were \$1.75, now.....\$1.39
New Sedo Silk Poplins, now.....39c
Mon Reve, was \$1.50, now.....\$1.25

A lot of Odd Corsets, were \$1.50 to \$2.50, now.....75c to \$1.00

Pingree Shoes for Women, were \$3.50 and \$4.00, now.....\$2.50 and \$3.00

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

WANTED—A washwoman by the week. Good wages. Apply at the hotel, Cement Works. Phone No. 93r.

FOR SALE—Clyde stallion; weight 1550; 11 years old; sound and all right in every way. A sure foal getter. Inquire of John Barth.

FOR SALE—One-horse wagon. Inquire of Chas. Meinhold, Jerusalem Mills.

DETROIT BUSINESS UNIVERSITY
15-21 Grand River Ave., E.
would like to send you full particulars about its work, and success of its graduates. Write E. R. Shaw, Secretary.

Joke Wasn't on Him.

Several years ago Patrolman Grampke was detailed at a circus that was performing in Camp Washington. One of the features of the show was the falling into the ring of one of the actors, who pretended to be drunk. He would then plop himself up and finally would mount one of the most spirited horses in the ring. One by one he would then throw off his garments until he stood forth resplendent in pink tights.

The first night that Grampke was on duty the stunt was to be pulled off as usual, but no sooner had the apparently drunken one gotten into the ring than Grampke was in after him. He jerked the performer to his feet and hustled him outside, where he proceeded to administer a good beating. The other employees of the show rushed out and finally separated Grampke from his victim and explained that it was all a joke.

"A joke, is it?" said Grampke, as he looked at the disheveled man. "Well, it isn't on me."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

She Probably Could.
Senator La Follette, apropos of certain scandals, said at a dinner in Madison:

"These things recall the legislator who remarked to his wife, with a look of disgust:

"One of these land lobbyists approached me today with another insinuating proposition."

"The wife, a young and pretty woman, clasped her hands.

"Oh, good!" she cried. "Then I can have that sable stole after all, can't I, dear?"

Hummel & Fahrner

Dealers in

Flour, Feed, Hay and Straw

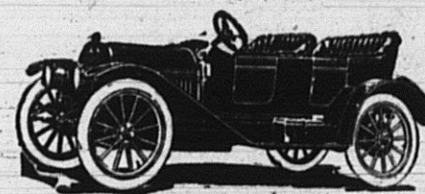
A full line of McCormick Binders and Mowers, McCormick Twine, McCormick Harrows and Drags, New Keystone Loaders and Rakes. Agents for Ontario Drills and Eclipse Incubators.

Bluebell Cream Separators

Just received, a stock of new Harness, both double and single, also halters, strap goods and whips. All kinds of seeds in season. See us before you buy.

Hummel & Fahrner

Try Standard Want Column. You get results



Warren-Detroit "30" Eight Models
\$1,200 to \$1,750

WE WANT A LIVE DEALER to Represent us in Chelsea

Here is a chance for somebody who is active and aggressive to make a connection that will be truly profitable.

The automobile business has come to stay; and Warren Cars stand at the very front of the popular priced machines. They excel every car priced below them in quality and cars which are in their quality class they beat in price.

We are looking for a representative who realizes that the selling of automobiles is a permanent and profitable business.

WARREN MOTOR CAR COMPANY
DETROIT BRANCH
736 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Michigan

The complete line exhibited at Wayne Pavilion, Detroit, Jan. 16 to 21. Show tickets furnished on request.

REDUCTION SALE

ALL NEW GOODS

During January we will sell our entire stock of

Suits and Overcoats

for men and boys at greatly reduced prices. Every article in this reduction sale is new and up-to-the-minute.

We can and will save you money on every purchase during this great stock reduction sale. Come in and examine the new Suits and Overcoats.

Every Day Will be a Bargain Day During this Sale

DANCER BROTHERS.

CLOTHING FOR THE MAN WHO CARES.

Reduction Sale Now On

A Few of the Things That We Handle

Lumber	Lime	Brick	Tile	Cement
	Plaster	Salt, barrel or bulk		
Corn and Oat Chop	Bran	Middlings	Corn	
Oats	Wheat	Rye	Flour	
Oil Meal	Timothy and Clover Seed			

And various other articles too numerous to mention

COAL AND WOOD FOR SALE.

Satisfied customers are our best advertisement

CHELSEA ELEVATOR COMPANY

A Home Institution

This bank is a home institution. Our loans are made right here at home to our good farmers and business men. It is a home institution for our home people. We will pay you good interest on your idle funds. Make a deposit and then pay your bills with your personal check. It is very simple, convenient and safe. Call and we gladly explain the many advantages of a checking account. You will always have a receipt which cannot be disputed. The endorsed check, which will be returned to you is incontestable proof of the payment of the bill. Your money is safe deposited in this bank to your credit. If you carry it in your pocket or leave it at home it may be lost or stolen. Come in and let us talk these matters over with you.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

LOCAL ITEMS.

Mrs. Andrew Servin, of Sharon, is reported as being very ill.

Lloyd Merker left Monday for Texas where he has accepted a position.

Mrs. C. M. Stephens is confined to her home on east Middle street by illness.

Born, on Friday, January 13, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Foor, of Grass Lake, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Lighthall have moved into the Hooker residence on east Middle street.

The Chas. Kellogg farm in Sylvan has been sold to a gentleman who resides near Ypsilanti.

A daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hepburn is confined to the home of her parents by illness.

The High Five Club were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Fletcher last Thursday evening.

Dr. A. L. Steger gave a dinner last Friday to a number of his friends. The occasion the anniversary of his birth.

Miss Norma Turnbull entertained a number of friends at the home of her parents on Garfield street last Saturday evening.

L. T. Freeman and Tim Drislane shipped here this week, about twenty draft horses that they will sell on the local market.

Village Marshal Charles Hepburn is reported as being quite ill at the home of his brother, Bert Hepburn, on Washington street.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Clark and daughter, of Ypsilanti, attended the funeral services of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hepburn, on Monday.

The Jolly Bunch met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb Sager last Friday evening. The evening was devoted to cards and dancing followed by refreshments.

C. M. Stephens has sold his Watkins business to Elmer Beach, who will take possession of the business at once. The route covers eight townships in the western part of this county.

The "Golden Horde" a thrilling story of the West will be the feature attraction at the Princess theatre on Saturday evening. Three other pictures, songs, and effects by Harold Pierce complete the bill.

The officers and teachers of St. Paul's church gave a party Monday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. Parker in honor of Hans Wagner, who leaves Friday for Wurttemberg, Germany. The host and hostess served a lunch to their guests.

Died, Saturday, January 14, 1911, James, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hepburn, of Washington street, aged 19 months. The funeral was held at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon from the home of the parents, Rev. J. W. Campbell officiating. Interment Oak Grove cemetery.

Kent county last Friday paid a hundred thousand dollars in state taxes, Washtenaw county, \$35,000, the estate of Quincy Shaw, of Boston, paid \$98,053 inheritance tax on eight million dollars' worth of Calumet & Hecla stocks. This is the largest inheritance tax ever paid in the state.

The Michigan State Fair for 1911 will begin on Monday, September 18, and continue for at least 10 days or two weeks. These dates will give the association a chance to provide an unusually high class fair because of the fact that many other big exhibitions will precede the local attraction, thus giving Detroit an opportunity of getting the best exhibits shown at other places.

The following are the out of town guests who attended the funeral of the Miss Maud Carner: Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kest, Mrs. Henry Bittz, of Toledo, Mrs. Dora Costello, of Cleveland, Frank Carner, Mrs. M. O'Meara, Miss Frances Atwater, Geo. Zang, of Hillsdale, Mrs. Martha Kest, of Hudson, Mrs. Amelia Schwartz, of Coldwater, Mrs. Wm. Exinger, Mrs. Chas. Limpert, and Jacob Zang of Ann Arbor.

Martin Luther D'Ooge, head of the Greek department in the university, Wednesday morning filed his petition for admission to citizenship at the office of County Clerk Miller. Prof. D'Ooge has been in this country since he came over from Zornemarie, Holland, in August, 1847. During all this time Prof. D'Ooge has exercised the rights of citizenship, but has never been legally a citizen, as his father never took out his second papers and the son was not of age when he arrived.

W. S. McLaren was in Detroit Wednesday on business.

Several from this place attended the auto show in Detroit this week.

Miss Lizzie Wagner will entertain a number of her friends at the Chelsea House this evening.

Martin Wackenhut sacked and shipped the wool he purchased the past season the first of this week.

A number from here attended the production of "Miss Nobody from Starland" in Ann Arbor Saturday evening.

The Passion Play will be the attraction at the Princess to-night. It consists of over 3000 feet of hand colored films.

Mrs. Robert Carnes, of Walled Lake, who has been spending the past week with Mrs. E. E. Shaver, returned to her home Monday.

Misses Eppie and Veronica Breitenbach returned to Jackson Sunday after spending several weeks with their sister, Mrs. A. L. Steger.

The editor the Pinckney Dispatch is reported to have gone skating last Sunday, and enjoyed a cold bath when he fell into the mill pond in that village.

R. W. Crawford, who has been in Oregon for the past six months, was in Chelsea Sunday. Mr. Crawford has just been through a siege of typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. P. Wood, who have both been quite ill at the home of Mrs. Jas. H. Runciman, for some time past, are reported as being considerably better.

The Baptist church society will gather old papers and magazines from those who have them. Telephone any member of the society and they will call for the same.

Geo. Heselschwerdt is confined to his home on North street by illness. During his absence John Hieber is filling his place at the Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank.

There will be a regular meeting of the K. O. T. M. M. on Friday evening of this week. All the newly elected officers are requested to be present as arrangements will be made at this meeting for installation.

The officers elect of Chelsea Lodge, No. 194, K. of P., were installed on Wednesday evening of last week by installing officer C. W. Maroney, acting as representative of the Grand Chancellor of the Grand Lodge K. of P. of Michigan.

At the annual meeting of the Washtenaw Mutual Fire Insurance Co. in Ann Arbor last week Wednesday, J. B. Laraway was elected president for the coming year, to succeed O. C. Burkhardt, of this place, who has filled the office for the last two years, and refused to take another term.

The Princess offers a personally selected program of high class films for their Saturday night show. The feature film is a Nestor entitled "The Golden Horde" a thrilling story of the west. Second in importance is the great Imp feature reel "The Fur Coat." Two classy Powers' picture plays close the bill. They are entitled "The Plot That Failed" and "The Lord and the Lady." Illustrated songs by Miss Wright and special effects by Harold Pierce complete the bill.

May Festival.

The eighteenth annual May Festival will be given in University hall, Ann Arbor, May 10, 11, 12, 13, 1911, and in the main will follow the general scheme which has met with so much success in the past, especially during the last several years.

The Theodore Thomas Orchestra, under Mr. Stock, will take part in all five concerts, while the University Choral Union of three hundred voices under Professor Stanley, will take part in two concerts; Thursday evening when Handel's "Judas Maccabeus" will be given, and Saturday evening when Tschalkowsky's "Eugen Onegin" will be heard.

Bernice de Pasquall prima donna, soprano of the Metropolitan Opera Co., Horatio Connell, baritone; Reed Miller, tenor; Janet Spencer, alto; Florence Mulford, mezzo; and Clarence Whitehill, basso, have already been engaged and negotiations are pending with other artists whose names will be announced later.

The sale of reserved seat tickets for the Festival will begin February 20; prices ranging from as low as \$4 to \$6.50 for course tickets; general admission tickets without reservation \$3. Tickets for single performances, \$1.50, will not be selected until the day of the concert but may be ordered in advance, and called for at the ticket window.

The Festival Journal giving detailed information will be sent to any address, upon request, after March 1.

W. P. Schenk & Company

Our Annual January Clearance Sale Is Now Going Full Blast

And offers you a splendid opportunity to secure seasonable merchandise at much less than regular prices. More especially does this apply to Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats, Furs, Sweater Coats, Ladies' Suits, Shawls, Wool Knit Scarfs and warm lined Shoes; Men's and Boys' Winter Suits and Overcoats, Sweater Coats, Fur Caps, Winter Gloves and Mittens.

The Biggest Values in Cloth Overcoats and Fur Overcoats Ever Offered in Chelsea.

You can't afford to buy elsewhere. Prove this to yourself by comparing. We will close out odd lots of Overcoats and Suits during this sale at from

One-Fourth to One-Half Off Regular Prices.

Ladies' Misses' and Children's Coat Values sacrificed as never before. We are simply determined to close them all out. We are now making a SECOND CUT on all Cloth Garments, that actually reduces them to

Half Their Value

Ladies' \$12.00 Coats Cut to.....	\$6.00
Ladies' \$15.00 Coats Cut to.....	\$7.50
Ladies' \$20.00 Coats Cut to.....	\$10.00
Ladies' \$25.00 Coats Cut to.....	\$12.50

Remember every department shares in this January Clearance Sale.

W.P.SCHENK & COMPANY

"The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary."

The merit of this comedy is in its simplicity and wholesome sweetness from the mirth-provoking character of "Aunt Mary." Even the phlegmatic Englishman of London crowded Terry's Theatre for eight weeks, so great was the success of Miss Robson and her American company.

Aunt Mary's rejuvenation is effected through her nephew Jack, who is a college boy with astonishing proclivities for trouble, and worrying his aunt, who invariably extracts him from his difficulties. One incident is the beating of a cabman, which turns out expensive, and then a breach-of-promise suit for \$15,000 worth of damaged affections, as a climax to the many disagreeable incidents in the career of Jack. Aunt Mary has ceased to be patient; she disinherits her nephew; meanwhile Jack is having a gay time in New York, and has arranged a dinner in honor of the birthday of Betty, his sweetheart. In order to have Aunt Mary at the feast, one of the party telegraphs her that Jack is down sick, in order to hasten her arrival; a reconciliation can be made between her and Jack. Aunt Mary immediately packs up and takes the first train for New York, and bounces into the house expecting to find her dear Jack in bed, when she interrupts an expensive dinner. "Betty" to make the best of the situation, pretends to be the maid and attaches herself to Aunt Mary as her personal attendant. The boys are lavish in their attentions, and she swings into place with jolly abandon—even learns to smoke cigarettes and enjoys herself hugely, and when she returns to the seclusion of her home, she misses the hum and bustle of the city and is miserable. She is rich, has vigor and enjoys excitement, why should she cling to solitude? She sends for Betty, and Jack follows. They confess to their love and Aunt Mary is really pleased, not for a day, probably, but all the time, most likely.

Miss Robson is supported by the same company appearing with her in London. She will appear at the New Whitney theatre on Monday, January 23d.

Parson's Poem A Gem.

From Rev. H. Stubenvoll, Allison, Ia., in praise of Dr. King's New Life Pills.

"They're such a healthy necessity. In every home these pills should be. If other kinds you've tried in vain, USE DR. KING'S And be well again. Only 25c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co., L. P. Vogel.

January Bargains

ONE-FOURTH off on all Fancy China and Crockery.

ONE-FOURTH off on all Jardinieres.

ONE-FOURTH off on all Heating Stoves.

We have a few more Rocking Chairs at ONE-FOURTH off. See our Hardware Counters for bargains in Tools, Curry Combs, etc.

If you are going to need Buggies, Plows, Harness, Hay Carriers and Rakes or Fence we can save you some money if you purchase now. A few more sets of Harness at prices to close out.

Remember we are making some very low prices on Groceries, our Teas and Coffees can't be beat for quality or price.

20 pounds sugar for \$1.00 with other goods.

Watch our Windows for Snaps.

J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

THE PUBLIC WANT

Double the Wear where the Wear comes

SHAWMUT RUBBERS

SOLD BY

Dancer Bros.

28

John Farrell & Co.

Try The Standard Want Column

IT GIVES RESULTS

PEACE HATH HER VICTORIES

By EDWARD B. CLARK
COPYRIGHT BY W.A. PATTERSON

IF THE war and navy departments would publish in book form the records of the service of officers and men in times of peace the readers thereof would be disappointed of the thought that all the hardships undergone and all the heroism displayed by men of the armed forces were of necessity connected with deeds of warfare. There are many thrilling stories and many human interest stories in the "peace records" of the army and navy.

Recently the monitor Puritan, a heavily armored craft of one of the older types, was used for purposes of experiment with a new high explosive. Willard S. Isham, an ordnance engineer, invented the explosive, and his claim was that with it a vessel could be destroyed from the outside just as well as from the inside. It has been held that high explosives lose their force unless more or less confined. It was known to be the rule that the effect of the explosion generally went upward and outward away from the object against which it was discharged. Mr. Isham believed that a charge of his ammunition against the side of a vessel would open the armor and would not expend its force in the air.

The monitor Puritan was chosen for the experiment. A charge of 200 pounds of the explosive was placed in an unconfined condition against the Puritan's armor plate near the stern. Capt. A. M. Knight, president of the



THE REPORT WAS THUNDEROUS



THE HOTTEST PLACE ON A BATTLESHIP

special ordnance board, with four volunteer sailors agreed to stay on board the Puritan when the explosive was detonated. More than this, Captain Knight had the task of punching small holes in the explosive with a lead pencil to permit the introduction of fuses. This was an exceedingly delicate operation and because of the fact that the explosive was a new combination it was possible that something might happen during the puncturing, lightly as it was performed. After the fuses were inserted Captain Knight connected electric wires with them and then went forward to a position on the berth deck with the four enlisted men who elected to stay on board with him.

The ordnance board officer turned a switch and the explosion took place. The report was thunderous. "It felt like an earthquake," said Captain Knight afterward. With his men the venturesome captain escaped injury, but their heroism was just as real as if they had been blown to atoms, for because of the fact that the explosive was a comparatively unknown quantity, no one could tell definitely what might happen.

Writing of the Puritan, which is a monitor, brings to mind the fact that officers and men serving on vessels of this type undergo hardships of which the people of the country know little. The monitor gradually is passing as an active service vessel and it is not likely that anybody connected with the service from admiral down to cook's mate is sorry for it. The heat in the monitors is something intense, and as the waves wash over the low decks of the vessels when any kind of a breeze is blowing the men are confined below with no air except such as is pumped down to them by way of the engine room, and this air is hot, oily and productive on many occasions of sickness, called sea sickness, but which in reality is nothing of the kind, although it has all the attendant symptoms of the real article.

The modern battleships are frightfully hot below decks, especially when they get into tropical and sub-tropical waters. A civilian who went to Panama with President Taft said that in his cabin when dressing for dinner he was obliged to stand directly in the draught of a blow pipe to prevent the profuse perspiration from so "melting" the bosom of his dress shirt that it would be unrepresentable when he appeared at the president's table. The thermometer in the staterooms stood at about 112 degrees.

Some years ago an officer who was stationed on a monitor was found dead in his berth and the surgeons pronounced his death to have been caused by apoplexy, heat apoplexy the officers of the ship called it. An old naval officer in Washington has told me that the thermometer in the cabin of the officer who died stood at 140 degrees and that the death was due solely to a heat stroke.

During the Spanish war the monitor Miantonomah was on blockading duty off the port of Havana, Cuba. The Miantonomah is an old monitor raised in steel and with the

deck just peeping above the water. When the sea was calm and the sky was clear the sun beat down on the metal and the men who had stood the night watches and were trying to sleep suffered more severely than do the people in the crowded bath tenements in New York city on a hot July night when death walks through the streets. An officer who served on a monitor during the Spanish war told me that the average temperature for a long period of time in his cabin was 104 degrees.

Recently two young officers not long out of the naval academy were forced to resign from the service because they were constantly seasick while on service on the battleships. The young fellows stuck it out for several voyages, but when it is remembered that a seasick man as a rule is so sick that he is perfectly willing to die, it can be understood what these young fellows suffered during the weeks of the voyaging. They resigned from the navy simply because they could not be of any service. They were sick from the moment the voyage began until they were back once more in port. They were competent officers and since their resignation they have been given land berths as officers of heavy artillery in the United States army.

I asked an old naval officer recently, a man who served on the old frigate Constitution, if he knew of any cases of chronic seasickness among officers and men during the old days of the service. He said he knew of only one case, that of an officer who developed seasickness after some years of service, but that it was thought that a slight injury to his spine had affected his stomach and that it was this more than the motion of the vessel which was the cause of his ailment.

This same veteran officer said that there is considerable seasickness today in the navy, although comparatively few cases that could be called chronic, and that they were due, he believed, more to the heat of the modern steel vessels than to the motion caused by the waves.

In the old days of wooden ships with sail power only, there was no heat on board except that given out by the galley and by the small stove which occasionally was to be found in the captain's cabin. The old-time ships in winter were kept in warm climates as much as possible or otherwise the men would have frozen to death.

The old wooden vessel, Jamestown, once commanded by Commodore Perry, who opened the ports of Japan to the commerce of the United States; is anchored in Hampton Roads, where it is used as a marine hospital service station. A surgeon stationed on the Jamestown once told me that in the old days, when the vessel was in commission the only way the captain could warm himself without going to the galley was to have a roundshot heated in the stove, then dropped into a bucket of sand to be carried aft to his cabin, where it gave out just enough warmth to temper for a few moments the cold of the quarters.

ginius back to America. Midshipman Underwood was one of two or three officers who were assigned to the Virginia to look after it while the towing process was on.

The life on board the Virginia is one that it is impossible to describe. The Spaniards had left her in a filthy state that living on board was intolerable even after cleansing processes had been tried. After a few days on board that ship the men looked as though they had been through a siege of sickness. Finally when off the Virginia capes the Virginia gave every evidence of being in a sinking condition. She foundered quickly and the officers and men on board escaped to the Osage, being obliged to leave their belongings behind. The beneficent United States government, because of some red tape reason or other, declined to make good to the devoted sailors the property which they had lost through no fault of their own and in direct line of duty.

Captain Underwood was for two years in command of the United States government station in the Samoan Islands. He was considered one of the handsomest men in the service of his country. He was over six feet high, finely proportioned and a fine physical specimen generally. No war with man went on in the Samoan Islands, but the heat and the food and the devilishness of the climate generally did the work of the battlefield. If Captain Underwood had never been given an assignment at the Samoan Islands it is probable that he would have continued in the active service until the age limit of sixty-two years was reached. The dangers of warfare are not the only ones by any means that navy and army officers are obliged to meet.

It may do no harm here to recall the story of the heroism of Lieut. James E. Bell of the United States army, who died because of his devotion to duty, died at a time when no bullets were flying, but when an even deadlier foe of necessity must be met. This story has been published many times, but it has its everlasting life.

Fort Jefferson, on the Tortugas, in August of the year 1873 was garrisoned by Battery M, First United States artillery. Outside of the surgeons there was only one officer, Lieutenant Bell, at the post. Capt. L. L. Langdon had been granted a leave of absence to go north to the bedside of his dying father. On August 23 yellow fever appeared at the post. Within two days four of the garrison had died. Upon the first announcement of the appearance of the scourge Lieutenant Bell sent all the women and children and some of the married men to an island three miles away. Within a day or two he sent to the same place nearly all the well men of the garrison, retaining only enough to nurse the sick. There could have been no criticism of Bell's course had he gone with the garrison, leaving the sick to the care of the surgeons and the nurses. He stayed and devoted himself to the sick in the hospital, assisted by the men who had volunteered. The

heat was fearful. There was not a pound of ice on the island and many of the deaths that followed one after another were due to the lack of this necessity. There were 20 cases of the fever and for days and nights continuously the devoted lieutenant commander, the surgeons and the nurses knew no rest. With their own hands they dug the graves for the dead and with their own lips repeated over them the burial service.

Captain Langdon in the far north heard of the yellow fever at Fort Jefferson. He instantly relinquished his leave of absence and hastened to return to his station. Some months before the outbreak of the fever Lieutenant Bell had put in an application to be detailed as instructor of military science at the University of Vermont. The application had been granted, and Captain Langdon, hurrying southward to join his command, carried in his pocket the order relieving Lieutenant Bell from duty at Fort Jefferson and detailing him for work in Vermont. Langdon reached his post.

He called in his first lieutenant and said: "I have here orders transferring you immediately to Vermont. You have done a noble work here. There is no reason why you should stay longer. You have been through enough of this awful thing, go."

Bell said: "Captain, I don't want the order. If I read it I suppose I shall have to obey simply because it is an order. You keep it in your pocket until the fever is over and then I'll read it and go."

Langdon shook hands with him. Bell went on with his work. In a few days he felt the hot hand of the scourge on his brow. He went to his tent, pulled up his little camp table and wrote an official letter to the assistant adjutant general at headquarters of the department of the Gulf, Holly Springs, Miss. It was a long letter, covering many pages. There was in Bell's heart that day the fear that he might die and leave undone an act of duty to others. He cherished the thought of the loyalty of the surgeons and the enlisted men who had so nobly performed their duties to the sick and dying, facing the fever and death itself without flinching. He mentioned in this official communication each doctor and man by name, recommending them for recognition at the hands of the department. Of himself he said nothing, his whole thought was that recognition should be given to others.

Lieut. James E. Bell put down his pen, went to the hospital and in three days was dead.

MARKED BY A MIRACLE

Extraordinary excitement has been caused among the peasants in the neighborhood of Kiltimagh, County Mayo, this week, by a series of what are described as miraculous happenings at the convent there, a Dublin correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat writes.

Among the children who are being educated by the good nuns of Kiltimagh is a girl of thirteen, who has been an inmate of the convent school for the last three or four years. She is described as extremely docile and affectionate and more than usually religious. A few nights ago one of the nuns was awakened by fearful screams from the dormitory where the girl slept, and on going to her she was told that the child had had a terrible dream, in which she saw Christ on the cross and a soldier driving a lance into his side.

The nun comforted her and she went to sleep, but in the morning she complained that her arm was sore and on examination it was found to be marked with a cross in red and underneath the cross were the letters "I. H. S." A few days later a crown of thorns appeared below the cross and the letters "I. N. R. I." and these were followed by the appearance of a chalice surmounted by a host in the parish priest, Rev. Father O'Hara, and by Dr. Madden of Kiltimagh, who vouch for their being to their cause. It is said that during the doctor's examination the stigmata bled freely. The nuns maintain stoutly that the child had no opportunity of inflicting the injuries, if injuries they be, on herself, and I understand arrangements are being made for a thorough investigation of the mystery by a committee of ecclesiastics and medical men.

Another case illustrating in another way the credulity which still is to be found in some parts of Ireland has just come to light by the had been traveling the country extracting money—not teeth—from country people who are afflicted with toothache. Thomas Kiernan said that the man told him he could cure him by extracting the nerves of his teeth and that when he consented to undergo the treatment the man took an instrument like a long needle, picked at his teeth awhile and then laid what looked like a little white caterpillar on his sleeve, saying this was the nerve and that he would never suffer from toothache again.

Of course, he did suffer, and when he went to a medical man for relief and told his story he learned that he had been swindled.

NOT SAME OLD WORLD

SCIENTISTS CHANGE THINGS IN LAST HALF CENTURY.

Scarcely a Day Passes but What Science Takes a Pot Shot at Some Picturesque Phase of Our Earlier Lives.

It is queer, but seemingly science knocks all the picturesque out of life, and if science were in a shooting gallery and the picturesque were a target, the bell would never stop ringing.

The old oaken bucket has given place to the galvanized iron vessel. The gourd dipper is now a tin cup with a handle soldered on. The moss-grown well curb is no more, and over the well is a solid slab of cement, while in a bright red building a sizzling, thumping gasoline engine is industriously pumping the cool water into an elevated metal tank on stilts.

No more the ploughman plods his weary way from the field. He rides back on the plough which now has wheels. The country doctor now has an automobile and Dobbin has been made into sausage.

And in the city it's worse. The scissor grinder used to have a contraption made of wheels and wood, and leather and stood up and ground the things. Now he has an automobile with a scissor grinder attached, and the auto power runs the thing.

The shoemaker used to squat on a polished leather seat in his littered shop and cobble shoes while you sat with your cold feet on a newspaper. Now you go into a miniature shoe factory where they can make you a pair of shoes in the time it took him to put a heel on, and the buzz of machinery is only broken by the rattle of the cash register.

Where merchants used to put a gun or a mortar and pestle or something above their shops to show what they sold, the merchants now have, receding, alternating, hit-or-miss, come-and-go sort of electric signs that make you blind to gaze upon.

No more the seller of feather dusters and whisk brooms strolls about the streets with weird cries. You get these things at the store and twenty-one seconds later a motorcycle youth delivers them.

No more the vendor of apples cries fiercely on the streets. Apples are now sold at a nickel apiece at the fruit stands, and the fruit has to be polished daily to keep it bright.

The hydrant has displaced the town pump; the barber shop is now a place where they do mancuturing and give baths, no longer a lounging place for gossips.

It's all been changed by science, and scarcely a day passes that science doesn't take a pot shot at some picturesque phase of our earlier lives and knocks the feathers out of its tail, for there's no room on this earth for both the scientific and the picturesque, and something had to go.

Heart of the Hallstone.

If it were not for the countless trillions of dust particles that float, separately invisible, in the atmosphere, there could be no rain drops, snow crystals or hailstones. From a perfectly dustless atmosphere the moisture would descend in ceaseless rain without drops.

The dust particles serve as nuclei about which the vapor gathers. The snow crystal is the most beautiful creation of the aerial moisture, and the hailstone is the most extraordinary. The heart of every hailstone is a tiny atom of dust. Such an atom, with a little moisture condensed about it, is the germ from which may grow a hailstone capable of felling a man or smashing a window.

But first it must be caught up by a current of air and carried to the level of the lofty cirrus clouds, five or six or even ten miles high. Then, continually growing by fresh accessions of moisture, it begins its long plunge to the earth, spinning through the clouds and flashing in the sun like a diamond bolt shot from a rainbow.

Wasps Against Flies.

In the war against noxious insects the employment of insect allies is a measure that is coming rapidly into vogue. Among these allies one of the most important is the wasp "bembex," because it has been found to be an inveterate enemy of glossina flies, which are the conveyors of infection for the incurable sleeping sickness of Africa. It has been called "The Glossina Hunter of Dahomey," and, according to the observations of Doctor Bouffard at Bamaku, it is the only hymenopterous insect which attacks these flies. The bembex performs its work in true knight-errant fashion, flying round animals that are persecuted by the flies, darting upon them with a speed that almost defies the eye, and transfixing them with its sting, after which it carries the victims to its nest as food for larvae.

A Request.

"I shall never forget," says the eminent man of wealth, during the course of his little speech on "How to Become a Self-Made Man," "I shall never forget how I saved my first hundred dollars."

At this juncture a weary individual in the audience, who had heard this story many times, and has read it many times more, interrupts: "Well, if you can't forget it, for heaven's sake give the rest of us a chance to."

COMPLETELY PROSTRATED

So Sensitive to Pain She Had to Be Turned in Sheets.

Mrs. Eliza Kirk, 8, Main St., Spencer, Ind., says: "I had been prostrated with inflammation of the rheumatism. My limbs were swollen, hands drawn out of shape and I was so sensitive to pain I had to be turned in sheets. I was able, at last, under the best medical attention, to crawl around the house with the aid of a cane, but the improvement went no further. Finally my husband brought home a box of Doan's Kidney Pills. It was surprising how quickly they relieved me and how soon I was cured. For three years my cure has been permanent."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

IN THE LIMELIGHT.



"Did you ever feel that the eyes of the world were upon you?" "Once a year, when I wear the neckties that my wife gives me at Christmas."

Important to Mothers. Examining carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*.

In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Remarkable Dental Freak. An unusual case is reported from Parkes, N. S. W., where a young woman some time ago had 17 teeth extracted which were causing her trouble. Before the gums had sufficiently healed to permit of artificial teeth being fitted, new teeth began to make their appearance, and every one of the 17 has now been replaced in this manner.

Stupid Man. "My husband has no idea of the value of money?" "Why, I thought he was a careful business man."

"He thinks so, too. But he absolutely doesn't realize what a lovely hat I can buy for \$48.99."

Nipped in the Bud. Parke—Too bad about Biller's boy, wasn't it—got him graduated from college and thought he had a career before him.

Lane—What happened? Parke—Why, he has just eloped with the lady chauffeur.—Life.

One Way to Look at It. Jinks—Do you know, I was refused three times before I found a girl who would have me?" Blinks—I see. Just like a patent medicine: "Well shaken—before taken."—Judge.

A Surprise. "I'm going to give my wife a real surprise this Christmas." "That so? What are you going to give her?" "The money."

Exempt. Klecker—Constancy is a jewel. Bocker—Pity nobody smuggles it in.

COLDS Cured in One Day

GRIP

Manly's Cold Remedy Relieves the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. Checks Fever, stops Discharges of the nose, takes away all aches and pains caused by colds. It cures Grip and obnoxious Coughs and prevents Pneumonia. Price 25c.

Have you stiff or swollen joints, no matter how chronic? Ask your druggist for Manly's Rheumatism Remedy and see how quickly you will be cured. If you have any kidney or bladder trouble get Manly's Kidney Remedy. Manly's Vitalizer makes weak men strong and restores lost powers.

PARKER'S HAIR SALAM

PISO'S

the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS

SAYS OSBORN'S RATE IS TOO HIGH

O. W. ROBINSON DECLARES ROADS THEMSELVES SHOW 2-CENT RATE FEASIBLE.

REFERS TO UPPER PENINSULA WHICH GOVERNOR WOULD HAVE 2-1/2 CENTS A MILE.

Claims Sworn Statements of U. P. Railroad Officials Prove 2-cent Fare Feasible.

O. W. Robinson, former lieutenant-governor of Michigan, is a staunch advocate of two-cent passenger fares for the people of the upper peninsula. In this connection he takes issue with Gov. Osborn.

"It may be the governor is deceived or misinformed as to the cost of operating railroads in the upper peninsula," he says. "If so a careful study of the railroad commission's reports (including his own as railroad commissioner) for the past 16 years will show that the average percentage of expenses to earnings of the upper peninsula roads is less than the average of lower peninsula roads. I have repeatedly given the figures showing this fact to the public during the past 15 years and as yet have never seen a denial from the railroad commissioner or any railroad official, and they cannot deny them for the simple fact that they are the sworn statements of the officials of the roads reported annually to the commissioner. The report of 1909, just issued, shows the same results. With these facts available to the governor and every member of the legislature, can there be any good reason why the citizens of the upper peninsula should longer be discriminated against under our state railroad law?"

"Under the present law the discrimination against the upper peninsula citizens on local passenger traffic is 50 per cent. on trip tickets, and 25 on thousand-mile books. The only reason ever offered was that it costs more to operate roads in the upper peninsula by reason of 'sparse population' and the 'deep snow,' which upon its face seems plausible, but is absolutely denied by the sworn statements of the officials of the roads operating in the upper peninsula. Is it not time to set aside these statements thrown broadcast by paid lobbyists of the railroad companies and investigate the facts by a careful perusal of the railroad commissioners' reports?"

"This is the only investigation needed to cover the question involved, viz.: Does it cost more to operate railroads north of the straits of Mackinac than it does south of them? The percentage of expenses to earnings on the different roads shows the facts beyond a doubt. The items of 'sparse population,' 'long hauls' and 'snow shoveling' are all included in the total operating expenses, and no one knows this better than the railroad officials."

MRS. EDDY'S WILL IS VOID

Lawyers Say \$2,000,000 Gift to Church Is Illegal.

That Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy's residuary gift of \$2,000,000 to the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Boston, known as the "Mother Church," is void is the opinion of United States Senator Wm. Chandler, Hannis Taylor, of Washington, D. C., professor of constitutional and international law at George Washington university, and other authorities.

A statute of New Hampshire prohibiting a bequest to a church of more than \$5,000 annually is the basis of the opinion, which was written by Prof. Taylor.

18 Rebels "Hold the Fort"

More than 20 men were killed in a desperate battle between the Mexican federal soldiers and a small party of insurgents on the bank of the Rio Grande, opposite Comstock, Tex.

The insurgents had only 18 men and for three hours they held at bay about 75 rurales and about 100 infantry soldiers. When darkness ended the battle the insurgents held the field and the federal troops had withdrawn two miles and camped. The insurgents left a few hours later for their mountain headquarters, 50 miles away, carrying their wounded with them.

U. S. and Nicaragua Resume Relations

After the lapse of more than a year since the American government severed relations with Nicaragua, the president received Dr. Salvador Castillio as the accredited minister of the Central American republic in this country. Dr. Castillio was presented to Mr. Taft by Chandler Hale, third assistant secretary of state. The new minister presented a letter from President Estrada, as credentials as minister to the United States.

Three Negroes Killed by Mob

Fifty masked men early Sunday morning stormed the Shelby county jail, at Shelbyville, Ky., seized and hanged three negroes, two of whom were charged with attacking white women, while the third was sentenced to hang for killing a negro.

The state department has been advised that the Panama congress has authorized the expenditure of \$10,000,000 in the Panama-Davis railway. The road will be narrow gauge.

The old Brooklyn home of Dr. Frederick A. Cook has been sold to a New York real estate speculator and will shortly be torn down to make room for a modern apartment house. At the time of Dr. Cook's triumphant return from the north a year ago, some of the explorer's enthusiastic admirers proposed to buy the home and convert it into a Cook Polar Museum in his honor.

Some Suspicious Persons

Enquired if we were "hiring" a certain "weekly" paper to abuse us.

Of course every time a spot light is turned on from any source, it offers a splendid chance to talk about the merits of the products, but 'pon honor now, we are not hiring that "Weekly."

The general reader seldom cares much for the details of "scraps."

A few may have read lately some articles attacking us and may be interested in the following:

Some time ago a disagreement arose with a "Weekly." They endorsed our foods by letter, but wanted to change the form of advertising, to which we objected.

The "Weekly" discontinued inserting our advertisements while they were negotiating for some changes they wanted in the wording and shape of the advertisements, and during this correspondence our manager gave instructions to our Advertising Department to quit advertising altogether in that "Weekly."

Quite a time after the advertising had been left out, an editorial attack came. We replied in newspapers and the scrap was on.

Then came libel suits from both sides, and some harsh words.

Generally tiresome to the public.

That "Weekly" has attacked many prominent men and reputable manufacturers.

Our Company seems prominent enough for a sensational writer to go after, hunt for some little spot to criticize, then distort, twist and present it to the public under scare heads.

Distortion No. 1 stated that we have been accustomed to advertise Grape-Nuts and Postum as "cure-alls for everything."

It has never been the policy of this Company to advertise Grape-Nuts or Postum to cure anything.

We say that in cases where coffee disagrees and is causing sickness its dismissal will remove the cause of the trouble, and we suggest the use of Postum for the reason that it furnishes a palatable morning beverage, and contains natural elements from the grain which can be used by nature to assist in rebuilding nerve centers that coffee may have broken down.

Likewise Grape-Nuts food does not cure anything, but it does assist nature tremendously in rebuilding, providing we become as technical as the officials at Washington and added the words "yeast" and "salt," although we have no recollection of being asked to.

Charge No. 2 states that the passage of the National Food & Drugs Act compelled us to drop from the packages some assertions regarding the nutritive value of Grape-Nuts.

We have never been "compelled" to make any change.

Since the beginning it has been a universal rule to print clearly on every package exactly what the contents are made of.

Before the passage of the Pure Food Law the packages stated that Grape-Nuts food was made of wheat and barley.

We did not esteem the small amount of salt and yeast as of value enough to speak of, but after the new Law came into effect we became as technical as the officials at Washington and added the words "yeast" and "salt," although we have no recollection of being asked to.

We believed that our statement that Grape-Nuts will supply elements to nourish the brain and nerve centers is a fact, and bring authorities to support the fact.

Some state chemists believed this a gross exaggeration and inasmuch as the Food Dept. at Washington could easily harass grocers, pending a trial on the disputed question, we concluded that the better way would be to eliminate from our packages such claims, however certain we may be that the claims are true.

Another statement objected to read as follows:

"The system will absorb a greater amount of nourishment from one pound of Grape-Nuts than from ten pounds of meat, wheat, oats, or bread."

Some Department chemists deceive themselves as well as the public. "Caloried" is the word which defines a unit of heat determined by the amount necessary to raise one kilogram of water one degree centigrade. On this basis a table of caloried is prepared showing the percentage of different kinds of food. Butter shows 8.00; Grape-Nuts 3.96; milk 0.70. Remember the statement on the package spoke of the nourishment the system would absorb, but did not speak of the caloried of heat contained in it, for the heat is not nourishment, and the nourishment cannot be judged by the number of heat units, notwithstanding the fact that certain chemists would have the public believe so.

As an illustration: Attempt to feed a man sixty days on butter alone, with its 8.00 caloried. The man would die before the experiment had run sixty days.

Then, take Grape-Nuts with 3.96 and milk with 0.70—the two combined equal 4.66—about one-half the number of caloried contained in butter. The man fed for sixty days on this food would be well nourished, and could live not only sixty

So an attorney from New York spent more or less time for months in Battle Creek hoping to find impurities in our foods, or dirt in the factories. After tireless spying about he summoned twenty-five of our workmen and took their testimony. Every single one testified that the foods are made of exactly the grain and ingredients printed on the packages; the wheat, barley and corn being the choicest obtainable—all thoroughly cleaned—the water of the purest, and every part of the factories and machinery kept scrupulously clean.

That all proved disappointing to the "Weekly." There are very few factories, hospitals, private or hotel and restaurant kitchens that could stand the close spying at unexpected times and by an enemy paid to find dirt or impurities of some kind.

In any ordinary kitchen or factory he would find something to magnify and make a noise about.

But he failed utterly with the Postum Works and products. Twenty to thirty thousand people go through the factories annually and we never enquire whether they are there to spy or not. It makes no difference to us.

He next turned to discover something about our advertising that could be criticized.

An analysis of the methods and distorted statements of the "Weekly" may interest some readers, so we take up the items one by one and open them out for inspection. We will "chain up" the harsh words and make no reference in this article to the birth, growth and methods of the "Weekly" but try to confine the discussion to the questions now at issue.

from men and women as to the means by which they recovered health as of tremendous value to those in search of it. Our business has been conducted from the very first day upon lines of strict integrity and we never yet have published a false testimonial of human experience.

Many of these letters covered numerous sheets; some, if printed, would extend over half a page of newspaper. If we would attempt to print one such letter in every one of the thousands of papers and magazines we use, the cost for printing that one letter would run into many thousands of dollars.

We hold down these letters exactly as a newspaper writer holds his news, sticking secretly to the important facts and eliminating details about the family and other unimportant matters. This work of boiling down, or editing, is done honestly, and with a full knowledge of our responsibility, but notice the art of the "twister" in the way he presents to his readers this matter of testimonials.

Distortion No. 4. This is a had one. It reads as follows: "This only famous physician whose name was signed to a testimonial was produced in Court by Colliers and turned out to be a poor old broken-down homoeopath, who is now working in a printing establishment." He received ten dollars (\$10.00) for writing his testimonial."

We will wager ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) with any investigator that we have, subject to inspection of any fair committee, upwards of three hundred (300) communications from physicians, many of a great many physicians who commendation of our products, but these will not now or ever be turned over to the publisher for his use.

Notice the statement in this charge: "The only famous physician whose name was signed to Postum testimonial, etc." The truth is, this Dr. Underwood was one of a great many physicians who have not only written commendatory words about the value of our foods, but every now and then some physician writes an article on coffee or on food, and sends it to us with a suggestion of compensation for his time and medical knowledge. Previous to the time when we employed physicians in our own business, we occasionally employed a doctor to write an article on coffee, always insisting that the article be an honest expression of his opinion and research.

The "Weekly" hunted up this physician, and because he seemed to be poor, and as it says, "broken-down," had him brought to Court to be exposed before a jury as the "only physician that had ever endorsed Grape-Nuts," but when the charge of the "Weekly" when our attorney asked him if the article he wrote about coffee was true he replied, "yes."

Statement No. 5 reads: "The health officers of Mich., Maine, Penn., New Hamp. and other states in their official bulletins have for years been denouncing as veracious and fraudulent the claims made by the Postum Cereal Company." We do not recall any criticism except from Mich., Penn., Maine and S. Dakota.

The average reader might think that the opinions expressed by the State Officials are always correct, but that conclusion is not borne out by facts.

As an illustration: About thirteen years ago the Dairy and Food Commission of Michigan for some personal reason printed a severe criticism on us for making Postum of Barley (according to his official chemist) at market price and selling too high. He was shown there was never a grain of barley used in Postum. His report was false and misleading. The governor dismissed him.

We believe that most of the state

Some Facts

Battle Creek, Michigan, December 30, 1910.

We the undersigned certify that never to our knowledge has a testimonial letter been printed by the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., which did not have behind it a genuine letter signed, and believed to be an honest statement.

To the best of our knowledge and belief the Company has received upwards of fifty thousand (50,000) genuine testimonial letters.

This company has never knowingly made nor permitted an untruthful statement regarding its products or its methods.

M. K. HOWE, Treasurer. (With Company about 14 years)
L. J. LAMSON, Inspector of Advt's. (With Company about 9 1/2 years)
F. C. GRANDIN, Advertising Manager. (With Company about 13 years)
R. M. STERRETT, M. D., Physician in charge of Scientific Dept. (With Company about 4 1/2 years)
CHESTON SYER, Advt. Writer. (With Company about 3 years)
CHARLES W. GREEN, Advt. Writer. (With Company about 5 years)
HARRY E. BURT, General Sup't. (With Company about 13 years)
H. C. HAWK, Assistant to Chairman. (With Company about 7 years)
C. W. POST, Chairman. (With Company 16 years, from the beginning.)

in due time. We suggest the reader look for it.

Prevarication No. 8. "Post spends nearly a million a year in advertising and relies on that to keep out of the newspapers the dangerous nature of the fraud he is perpetrating on the public."

The Postum Company does pay out upwards of a million a year for trade announcements. Newspaper men believe our statements truthful or they would not print them. Large numbers of newspaper men use our products.

They are capable of telling the public whether or not we "bribe" them.

It may have escaped notice that we did not "bribe" that particular weekly.

No. 9 states that the amount of the verdict will be "devoted by the 'weekly' to erasing our products."

This is almost real humor. We have two suits pending against the "weekly," total, \$500,000.00.

We haven't "devoted" the sum to any particular purpose yet.

Item 10 is a "discovery" that wheat bran is a part of Postum.

But the criticism neglected to mention that for years every Postum package announced in plain type that the outer covering of wheat (bran), made part of the beverage.

They ignorantly fell into a trap here, not knowing enough of food value to know that "Taka-Diatase" the article used by physicians the world over for "starch indigestion" is made from "wheat bran."

So we use that part of the wheat berry because it contains the element needed to develop the valuable diastase in man's system. Good Postum is impossible without this part.

These self-appointed critics do make some laughable blunders through ignorance, but—be patient.

Item 11 is an illustration of the squirming and twisting of the sensational writer delivering distorted matter to his readers.

While on the witness stand Mr. Post testified to his studies in Anatomy, Physiology, Dietetics and Psychology—all relating to the preparation and digestion of food. Asked to name authorities studied he mentioned six or eight from memory, and commented on some clinical experience covering several years in annual journeys to Europe.

Now notice the distortion. (Copy from the printed criticism.)

"He (Post) pointed out a pile of books in possession of his attorneys as the very ones he had read."

(Notice "the very ones he had read," leading the reader to believe that they were the only ones.)

"Did you consult the books from these editions?" was asked.

"From those and various editions," answered Post.

The attorney "picked up" book after book from the pile and showed the title pages to the jury—all except two had been published since 1905."

This is an example of distortion and false coloring to produce an unfavorable impression.

The facts are Mr. Post purposely introduced the latest editions that could be obtained from prominent authorities to prove by them the truth of his statements regarding appendicitis and the analysis of brain, also the latest conclusions in regard to the action of the digestive organs. These works are:

Human Physiology, by Raymond.
Physiological Chemistry, by Simon.
Digestive Glands, by Pawlow.
Hand Book of Appendicitis, by Ochsner.

Physiological Chemistry, by Hamman

Biochemic System of Medicine, by Carey.

The "Weekly" carefully eliminates from its printed account testimonies regarding the years of research and study by Mr. Post in fitting himself for his work, and would lead the reader of the distorted article to believe that his education began since 1905.

Distortion No. 12 reports Mr. Post as a "dodging witness."

His eye is not of the shifty kind observed in the head of one of his chief critics. On the witness stand Mr. Post looks quietly but very steadily straight in to the eyes of the haggling, twisting lawyer, trying by all his art to ask double-barreled questions and bull-doze and confuse a witness.

The "dodging" it seems consisted of replying, "I don't know."

Opposing counsel holds a book in his hand while he queries—

"I want to know if there is a single thing in your whole book here that suggests any particular kind of food?" Then followed some discussion between attorneys.

When Mr. Post was allowed to reply, he said, "I don't know until I read the book over to see."

This book, it turns out, was written by Mr. Post seventeen years ago and probably has not been read carefully by him in the last fifteen years. It would require a remarkable memory to instantly say "yes" or "no" as to what a book of 147 pages did or did not contain, without reading it over—but such conservative and well balanced answers are construed by sensation seekers to be "dodging."

The attorney sought by every art to impress the Jury with the fact that Mr. Post's belief in the power of Mind in relation to the body branded him as unreliable and worse.

The following is quoted from one of the questions:—

(The lawyer reading from the book.)

"The writer of these pages desires to say nothing of himself other than as a simple instrument through which the Divine Principle chooses to manifest itself by precept and example."

"Skill in mental practice is gained in the same way as skill in any department of science—by observation, study, experience and the ability to evolve correct conclusions."

"Read carefully, thoughtfully no more than twenty pages daily. Afterward seek an easy position where you will not be disturbed. Relax every muscle. Close your eyes, and go into the silence where mind is plastic to the breathings of spirit and where God talks to the Son. The thoughts from Divine Universal—Mind come as winged angels and endow you with a healing power. If you go into the silence humble and trusting, you will come out enriched and greatly strengthened in body by contact even for a short time with the Father of all life and all power. You will feel refreshed in every way and food taken will digest readily as the stomach works smoothly when under the influence of a Higher Power."

"I ask you if you did not write that, and if you did not believe it when you wrote it."

For a moment the Court Room was in absolute silence.

Mr. Post slowly leaned forward over the rail, pointed his finger at the Attorney's face to emphasize his reply and with eyes that caused those of the Attorney to drop he said, "Yes, I am proud to say I did."

It may be remembered that we were first attacked and have since defended ourselves by placing facts before that great jury—The Public.

A good "scrap" is more or less comforting now and then, if you know you are right.

In the case lately tried, an appeal has been taken to the higher courts. We have unbounded faith in the ultimate decision of our American Tribunals.

Our suits against the "weekly" have not yet been tried. They are for libel

and \$500,000.00 is asked as damages, and may the right man win.

After all the smoke of legal battle blows away, the facts will stand out clearly and never be forgotten that Postum, Grape Nuts, and Post Toasties are perfectly pure, have done good honest service to humanity for years, the testimonials are real and truthful and the business conducted on the highest plane of commercial integrity.

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

G. T. McNAHARA

(Dentist)

Office over L. T. Freeman Co.'s drug store.
Phone 165-22.

BYRON DEFENDORF,

Homeopathic Physician.

Forty-seven years experience. Special attention given to chronic diseases: treatment of children, and fitting of glasses. Residence and office northeast corner of Middle and East streets. Phone 61-32.

S. G. BUSH

Physician and Surgeon.

Office in the Freeman-Cummings block. Chelsea, Michigan.

DR. J. T. WOODS,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office in the Staffan-Merkel block. Residence on Oregon street. Chelsea, Michigan. Telephone 114.

A. L. STEGER,

Dentist.

Office, Kempf Bank Block. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone, Office, 22, 23; Residence, 22, 23.

H. E. DEFENDORF,

Veterinarian.

Office, second floor Hatch & Durand block. Phone No. 61. Night or day.

TURNBULL & WITTEBELL,

Attorneys at Law.

B. B. TURNBULL. H. D. WITTEBELL.
Offices, Freeman-Cummings block. Chelsea, Michigan.

JAMES S. GORMAN,

Attorney at Law.

Office, Middle street east. Chelsea, Michigan.

STIVERS & KALMBACH,

Attorneys at Law.

General law practice in all courts. Notary Public in the office. Office in Hatch-Durand block. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 63.

S. A. MAPES,

Funeral Director and Embalmer.

Fine Funeral Furnishings. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 6.

PARKER & BECKWITH,

Real Estate Dealers.

Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance. Office in Hatch-Durand block. Chelsea, Michigan.

E. W. DANIELS,

General Auctioneer.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at The Standard office, or address Gregory, Michigan, T. D. 2. Phone connections. Auction bills and tin cups furnished free.

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Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.		
East bound	7:54 am	9:54 pm
West bound	1:54 pm	3:54 pm
East bound	10:13 am	12:13 pm
West bound	6:13 pm	8:13 pm
LOCAL CARS.		
East bound	6:10 am	and every two hours to 10:10 pm. To Ypsilanti only, 11:55 pm.
West bound	6:20 am	and 7:19 am, and every two hours to 11:49 pm.
Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.		

TRY

Oker's Shoe Shop

for first-class

REPAIRING.

All Leathers Guaranteed.

PRICES RIGHT.

Cash for Your Cream

We will pay full Elgin prices for Sour Cream, and one cent above for Sweet, every Tuesday.

TOWAR'S CREAMERY,

Chelsea, Mich.

Chelsea Greenhouses

CUT FLOWERS
POTTED PLANTS
FUNERAL DESIGNSElvira Clark-Viesel
Phone 180-2-1-3 FLORIST

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A handwritten illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any domestic journal. Terms, \$3 a year, four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York

BREVITIES

DEXTER—Byron L. Hopkins, aged 52 years, died at his home Tuesday morning. He is survived by a wife and two sons.

GRASS LAKE—The 75th anniversary of the Congregational church of this place was appropriately observed by the members of the society one day last week. The present church building was erected in 1861.

ALBION—It cost the county \$422 to investigate the charges against ex-prosecutor Cavanaugh. As Cavanaugh was exonerated some people think Frank Cowles, the petitioner, ought to stand the cost.—Leader.

HOWELL—At the meeting of the Board of Supervisors held in Howell last week the matter of selling the poor farm was discussed and finally the board decided to put the question before the voters at the coming spring election and let them decide the question, whether to sell the farm or improve the present buildings.

NORTHVILLE—The quarterly report of State Oil Inspector Neal for the term ending December 31, 1910, shows for the last three months of the year the inspection of 8,049,150 gallons of kerosene oil. Fees collected, \$16,187.95; interest \$153.36; total \$16,341.31; total expenses \$8,112.84; net balance to turn into the state treasury \$8,228.47.

MANCHESTER—Several years ago fishermen at Silver lake in Freedom caught fine perch but for the past five years not one has been seen. There are fine bluegills, bass and grass pike in the lake and some of our sportsmen should get a supply of bass and perch from the state fish hatchery and plant there.—Enterprise.

HOWELL—Thomas Kelley, an old resident of the township of Cohoctah, feeling an uncontrollable desire to kill someone, got up in the middle of the night and started for Howell to request that he be locked up for safe keeping. His family telephoned to Deputy Sheriff Wright, who met the old gentleman at the Ann Arbor depot about 2 a. m. His son came after him next morning and took him home.

GRASS LAKE—Workmen are busy dismantling the old Commonwealth Power Co.'s plant here. The boiler, an old style tubular affair, had become so corroded by standing so long unused that it was no longer of any practical value, and is being broken up for junk. The dynamo and engine are still in good condition, and will be put in use at other stations. Just what will be done with the old building has not been decided.—News.

ANN ARBOR—A telegram announcing the death of Dr. John Kapp former mayor of Ann Arbor, was received here Tuesday. Dr. Kapp died in Los Angeles, where he went in quest of health. He was elected mayor of this city three times and was prominent both politically and socially. He went to Los Angeles a year ago accompanied by his wife and daughter, Miss Ruth. The remains will probably be brought here for burial.

CLINTON—The feed house, hog pen and straw stack belonging to Mike Wallace, two miles west of Clinton were burned to the ground Saturday night. Mr. Wallace was cooking potatoes for his hogs and left the building to do some other chores. In some way the building caught fire from the cooker and before he could make an attempt to put it out it was beyond control, burning the straw stack, too. Luckily, the wind was in the right direction to save the house and barn.

TECUMSEH—The trial of Meir and McDonald, two of the burglars who blew up the People's Bank at Britton took place in the circuit court in Adrian last week. A large number of witnesses were examined by the prosecution, whose evidence when placed end on end made a strong and convincing chain. At 2:15 p. m. Thursday the jury retired and 35 minutes later returned with a verdict of "guilty as charged." Neither prisoner had anything to say and Judge O'Mearly sentenced each of them to 20 years in the state prison at Marquette.

JACKSON—Postage stamps stolen from the Cement City postoffice when the safe was blown a week or so ago have been recovered. A farmer named Wilber Abernathy found them hidden in a clump of bushes near where the shooting occurred in the southern part of the city. The value of the stamps found is \$107.50. Writing on a package shows they came from the Cement City office. The finding of the stamps will serve as a strong piece of evidence against John Mack, the alleged yeggman under arrest. Mack is believed to be Thomas Kinney, who was arrested in 1906 for blowing a safe at Antrim, Mich. Kinney was released from prison not long ago. The officers have Kinney's picture and it looks very much like Mack.—Patriot.

TECUMSEH—An Adrian banker last Christmas presented his wife with a \$50 check which she thoughtlessly afterwards threw into the grate fire. This season she came across a package marked "fireproof," which on opening, she discovered to be a regular bank check for the same amount printed on asbestos paper.—News.

BRIGHTON—It looks now as though the proposed electric road through here was a sure go. The Detroit, Lansing and Grand Rapids Ry. Co. recently filed a mortgage for \$5,000,000 to the Union Trust Co. of Detroit to secure bonds issued for construction of the road. The mortgage is recorded in Livingston county and all the other counties through which the proposed road is to pass.—Argus.

ANN ARBOR—The father of the young man who was found dead on the Michigan Central tracks near Dexter, Thursday morning, arrived in the city Friday night and identified the body as that of James McDonaugh of Greenville, Mich. The father stated that the boy had for the past three years been roaming about the country, and that he had seen him but once during that time. He was 18 years old. The mother of the boy died several years ago.

Never Had A Case Like It.

The case of Florence Greene of Adrian against her father, Charles M. Greene, of Bridgewater township, to determine whether or not the refusal of the probate court to appoint a guardian for Mr. Greene shall be sustained, is the first of its particular kind that has ever come before Judge Kinne in his 23 years on the bench.

Frequently cases come before the circuit court to determine whether or not a man is competent to draw a will or sign a contract, but in the present instance the only question is whether or not a guardian shall be appointed.

The petition for the appointment of a guardian was filed in probate court September 9, 1909. Judge Leland decided that no guardian need be appointed December 17th of the same year, and the daughter appealed the case to the Washtenaw circuit court.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL.]

COUNCIL ROOMS,

Chelsea, Mich., January 16, 1911. Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by Geo. P. Staffan president. Roll called by the clerk. Present, Hammond, Hummel, Dancer and Palmer. Absent, Lowry and McKune.

The following bills were then presented and read as follows.

ELECTRIC LIGHT FUND.	
John Kelley, frt., cartage.....	\$ 9 47
M. A. Lowry, & mo. salary.....	27 50
John F. Maers, & mo. salary.....	37 50
David Alber, & mo. salary.....	27 50
Sam Trouten, & mo. salary.....	27 50
E. Paul, & mo. salary.....	27 50
Anna Hoag, & mo. salary.....	10 00
Franklin Oil Co., barrel comp.....	62 50
Crandall Packing Co., packing.....	18 79
Union Steam Pump Co., 1 pump less freight.....	143 00
American Oil Co., 1 barrel oil.....	22 95
Sunday Creek Co., 2 cars coal.....	65 40
Frank C. Teal Co., wire, supplies.....	145 15
Moran & Hastings, supplies.....	6 23
F. E. Adair Agt., freight on 2 cars coal.....	59 26
Holmes & Walker, supplies.....	3 00
SIDEWALK FUND.	
F. L. Davidson, balance on sidewalk.....	\$241 88
STREET FUND.	
A. Avery, cleaning crosswalks.....	1 50
Bert Youngs, shoveling snow.....	1 00
GENERAL FUND.	
Chas. Hepburn, & mo. salary.....	22 50
Moved by Hammond, seconded by Dancer that the bills be allowed as read and orders drawn on the treasurer for their amounts. Carried. On motion board adjourned.	
W. H. HESELSCHWERDT, Clerk	

A MEASURE OF MERIT

Chelsea Citizens Should Weigh Well This Evidence.

Proof of merit lies in the evidence. Convincing evidence in Chelsea, is not the testimony of strangers, but the endorsement of Chelsea people.

That's the kind of proof given here The statement of a Chelsea citizen. Charles Hepburn, Washington St., Chelsea, Mich., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as an excellent kidney remedy. My kidneys troubled me for some time and I was subject to dull, heavy pains in the small of my back. It was hard for me to stoop or lift and mornings upon arising, my back was lame and weak. I tried several remedies, but did not receive relief until I commenced taking Doan's Kidney Pills. They not only removed the pain and soreness, but strengthened my kidneys and regulated the passages of the kidney secretions. You are welcome to use my name as a reference for Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other

"JUST THIS ONCE" IS FATAL

Devil's Whisper Induces a Momentary Indulgence That Becomes Habit and Plays Havoc.

A popular actress who was in Cleveland last week was telling how she got rid of her fa-ry, embonpoint. "After I started," she said, "I occasionally indulged myself 'just this once.' I found I was not making any progress. Anyone who wants to get thin must beware of the 'just this once' habit."

The possession of too much physical substance is a real source of misery to some people, especially those of the gentler and lovelier sex, and often it is caused and maintained by the habit she mentions. In fact, "just this once" is the source of half the miseries, failures and wrecks of human kind.

A bank teller gets a tip on the stock market. He sees a chance to make several thousand dollars by the investment of a few hundred. He is not possessed of the required sum. The temptation comes to take it from the bank's money and return it a little later when he has realized on the deal. He says to himself: "Just this once." If he does not at once get a firm grip on himself, he falls. The owner of an unseaworthy vessel, greedy for gain, sends it forth again to battle with tempests, "just this once." No port ever sees it more. With its captain and crew it lies fathoms deep until that time when the sea shall give up its dead. And widows and orphans mourn on the land and know not where to look for succor.

"Just this once" is the devil's whisper. Once heeded, the portals leading to the under world have been entered. Its persuasive power has filled penitentiaries, hospitals and insane asylums. It has put crepe over the faces of women and sorrow in their hearts. It has bowed down the gray heads of fathers and mothers to their graves. He who learns to know what "just once" really means and put its smiling, insidious invitation behind him has mastered one of the life's most vital lessons.—Cleveland Leader.

ARE NOT REAL ENGAGEMENTS

Young Ensign Explained His Affairs With Ten Other Girls Were "Sham Skirmishes."

Apparently love is not always blind, nor do the ears after much whispering of undying love and all that always become deaf—at least, not if there is any sincerity in the plea made by a winsome young woman beneath one of the weeping willow trees on the campus at the Philadelphia navy yard. Beside her, with his protecting arms around her, was a young ensign. He was a handsome young fellow and one that might easily be giddy of all that she accused him.

He had paused for a moment, in a description of the paradise that awaited the young wife of an officer in the service of his country; he had painted the brilliant future in store for himself and which must have looked very "good" to her; their faces had gradually approached until they were very, very close, when suddenly the lass with the dusky hair and the melting eyes sat upright.

"No," she said, "I don't think I ought to believe you at all. What about those ten girls you were engaged to last year?"

"Ah," said he, "those, dear, were not engagements; they were just, ah—er, sham skirmishes, you see."—Philadelphia Times.

Women in Holland Prisons.

There are now less than 200 women in the prisons of Holland, according to Dr. Simon von der Aa, who for 50 years has been the chief of administration of prisons in that country.

"During my administration three prisons for women have been closed for lack of inmates," declared Dr. von der Aa. "There are two reasons for this decrease of criminal women. One is the growth of social work. There are societies without number not only to rescue the fallen but to help the poor and suffering. The other reason is simply the fact that women are allowed to work and support themselves honorably. I am convinced that the industrial freedom of women is keeping them out of prison in Holland."

Manila's Large Birth Rate.

Race suicide as an addition to other problems in the Philippines lies far off in the distant future, according to the birth statistics compiled in the last quarterly report of the bureau of health.

Manila takes a position in birth rate far in advance of other countries of the world with an average of 43.23 birth a 1,000 of population. In international statistics of birth rate Hungary with an average of 40.5 leads the civilized world. Austria with 37 and Germany with 36 are next.

Sundial for Oregon Trail.

Marking the spot where the old Oregon trail entered the state of Nebraska the sundial erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies recently, says the Omaha Bee. A number of distinguished visitors were present, including the officers of the Iowa chapter of the order and of the Nebraska chapter as well as Secretary Payne of the Nebraska State Historical society, and many men of prominence in Omaha civic affairs.



FRANK A. STIVERS

Candidate for the nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of Circuit Judge, twenty-second judicial district. Primary election, Wednesday, March 1, 1911. 23tf

IT GROWS HAIR

Here Are Facts We Want You to Prove at Our Risk.

Marvelous as it may seem, Rexall "93" Hair Tonic has grown hair on heads that were once bald. Of course in none of these cases the hair roots dead, nor had the scalp taken on a glazed, shiny appearance.

Rexall "93" Hair Tonic acts scientifically, destroying the germs which are usually responsible for baldness. It penetrates to the roots of the hair, stimulating and nourishing them. It is a most pleasant toilet necessity, is delicately perfumed, and will not gum or permanently stain the hair.

We want you to get a bottle of Rexall "93" Hair Tonic and use it as directed. If it does not relieve scalp irritation, remove dandruff, prevent the hair from falling out and promote an increased growth of hair; and in every way give entire satisfaction, simply come back and tell us, and without question or formality we will hand back to you every penny you paid us for it. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00. Sold only at our store—The Rexall Store. L. T. Freeman Co.

Judge Kinne Will Be A Candidate.

To the Editor of the Standard: I hope that I shall not be misunderstood. My recent declination of the Circuit Judgeship was made in entire good faith by me, and was earnest and sincere.

Appeals have since been made to me which I am unwilling to disregard.

I now deem it my duty and my pleasure to allow the people of this county to determine this question as to them may seem wise, and I shall cheerfully abide by their judgment and if it is their will that I remain upon the bench another term I will do so gladly.

E. D. KINNE.

January 12, 1911.

Ordinance No. 47.

An Ordinance granting permission to the Commonwealth Power Co., of Jackson, Mich., to set poles and maintain wires for transmission of power along certain streets of the village of Chelsea.

The Village of Chelsea ordains: Section 1. That consent and permission are hereby granted to the Commonwealth Power Co. to set poles, and thereon to string wires for the transmission of electricity beginning at the sub-station of the Commonwealth Power Company at the intersection of the Detroit United Railway track and Main street in said village; and running thence east along Van Buren street to East street; thence north along East street to Washington street; thence east along Washington street to Madison street; thence north along Madison street to Jackson street; thence southwest along Jackson street to East street; thence north along East street to the plant of the Grant & Wood Manufacturing Co.

Section 2. In constructing and repairing said line along streets aforesaid all poles or apparatus that may interfere with the rights of others or the public use of said streets by the village, shall be set in such places as the common council shall designate. And the said council reserves the right to order said Company to change the location of any of its poles or wires along said streets whenever it shall deem it proper to do so, and said Commonwealth Power Co. upon receipt of such orders shall make the change required within a reasonable length of time.

Section 3. In constructing said line said Company shall not unreasonably obstruct any of said streets and shall hold and save said Village harmless from damages resulting from the use of said streets for the transmission of power.

Section 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its publication. Approved, January 11th, 1911. GEORGE P. STAFFAN, President of the Village of Chelsea. W. H. HESELSCHWERDT, Clerk.

Advice to mothers: Don't let your children waste away. Keep them strong and healthy during the winter with Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It is the greatest tonic for children. Pure and harmless, does the greatest good. 35c tea or tablets.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

At Chelsea, Michigan, at the close of business, January 7, 1911, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts, viz:—		\$ 97,868 00	\$ 97,868 00
Commercial Department.....			
Savings Department.....			
Bonds, mortgages and securities, viz:—		43,000 00	\$75,817 00
Commercial Department.....		382,817 00	1,444 39
Savings Department.....			2,134 78
Premium account.....			15,000 00
Overdrafts.....			5,597 00
Banking house.....			400 00
Furniture and fixtures.....			150 00
Other real estate.....			245 38
Due from other banks and bankers.....			
Items in transit.....			
Reserve.....			
United States bonds.....		\$11,113 02	\$ 2,900 00
Due from banks in reserve cities.....		10 00	20 65
Exchanges for clearing house.....		9,615 00	7,981 00
U. S. and National bank currency.....		97 59	12,545 00
Gold coin.....		2,720 45	82 00
Silver coin.....		156 43	12 20
Nickels and cents.....			
		\$23,712 10	\$67,556 75
Checks, and other cash items.....			81,268 60
Total.....			\$250,097 30
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock paid in.....		\$ 40,000 00	
Surplus fund.....		30,000 00	
Undivided profits, net.....		9,815 80	5,622 16
Dividends unpaid.....			
Commercial deposits subject to check.....		73,178 12	
Certificates of deposit.....		39,181 10	
Cashier's checks outstanding.....			212 22
State monies on deposit.....			
Due to banks and bankers.....			312,984 43
Savings deposits (book accounts).....			47,804 27
Savings certificates of deposit.....			504,475 14
Total.....			\$580,097 30

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, Geo. A. BeGole, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief and correctly represents the true state of the several matters therein contained, as shown by the books of the bank.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1911. J. L. Fletcher, Notary Public. My commission expires January 12, 1911.

CORRECT—Attest: H. S. HOLMES, Ed. COHEN, C. KLEIN. Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

Farmers & Merchants Bank

At Chelsea, Michigan, at the close of business, January 7th, 1911, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

RESOURCES.			
Loans and discounts, viz:—			\$ 49,531 88
Commercial Department.....			21,500 00
Savings Department.....			\$ 71,031 88
Bonds, mortgages and securities, viz:—			
Commercial Department.....		119,339 78	119,339 78
Savings Department.....			2,180 00
Premium account.....			1,731 43
Overdrafts.....			800 00
Banking house.....			353 17
Furniture and fixtures.....			367 98
Items in transit.....			
	Commercial	Savings	
Due from banks in reserve cities.....	\$11,421 20	\$17,555 59	
Exchanges for clearing house.....	600 11		
U. S. and National bank currency.....	3,662 00	5,000 00	
Gold coin.....	577 50	2,500 00	
Silver coin.....	1,266 75	600 00	
Nickels and cents.....	4 53	113 67	
	\$18,042 69	\$25,769 26	43,811 95
Checks, and other cash items.....			18
Total.....			\$229,584 61
LIABILITIES.			
Capital stock paid in.....			\$25,000 00
Surplus.....			2,000 00
Undivided profits, net.....			3,562 00
Dividends unpaid.....			345 00
Commercial deposits subject to check.....			\$ 42,067 98
Cashier's checks outstanding.....			
Savings deposits (book accounts).....			134,573 72
Savings certificates of deposit.....			38,085 12
			218,677 82